Bombay Gazette,
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THE
Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,062—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 6-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
18th June,	HIMALAYA.....	6898	.....	...
25th ,,	DEVANHA	8092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	OCEANA	6519	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE.....	6900	MALWA	10883
16th ,,	ARABIA.....	7903	.....	...
23rd ,,	SALSETTE.....	6900	MACEDONIA.	10513
30th ,,	CALEDONIA.....	7585	.....	...
6th August	SALSETTE.....	6900	MOLDAVIA ...	9800
13th ,,	EGYPT.....	7912	.....	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE.....	6900	MONGOLIA....	9506
27th ,,	HIMALAYA.....	6898	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
a Somali	2,700	Greiwe	21st June
b Markgraf	3,680	Timm	9th July.
a Pasadient	3,310	Jacobsen	19th ,,

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 30th May, 1910.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
OLYMPIA ...	5194	A. Tait	22nd June 1910
CIRCASSIA..	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	19th July ,,
SOINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th ,, ,,
DASTALIA...	6386	J. Hamilton	11th August ,,
SILYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th ,, ,,
MASSILIA ...	5091	A. Thomson	16th Sept. ,,
OLYMPIA ...	5194	A. Tait	30th ,, ,,
CIRCASSIA..	6716	C. F. Osborne	13th Oct. ,,
SOINDIA ...	5108	Wm. Kelso	26th ,, ,,
DASTALIA ...	6386	J. Hamilton	10th Nov. ,,
SILYSIA ...	6368	G. Mitchell	26th ,, ,,

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 445.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by I. G. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

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T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 17th June, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,293 tons, on Thursday, 23rd June, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomra, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, on Monday, 20th June calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
(Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 2nd July.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

16th June, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN.....	4,130	Lafont	7th July 1910.
DUMBEA	5,619	Rebufat.....	4th Aug. ,,
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen.....	1st Sept. ,,
VILLE de la CIOTAT..	6,378	Barillon.....	29th Sept. ,,
NERA	5,338	Murtin	27th Oct. ,,
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. ,,
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen ...	17th June 1910.
VILLE de la CIOTAT..	6,378	Barillon ...	15th July 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Ormsby Road. Agent.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY
GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Duc BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	L. Mancini	19th Aug. 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets.....	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years.....	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th June 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Botetto	17th July 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th Aug. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to .....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
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NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

s.s. Umzinga...4,500 Tons, Sailing about 23rd July 1910 Fare.—Rs. 375.

For further particulars, apply to

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Bombay.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 235,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
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EVERY MAN HIS OWN WEATHER OBSERVER.

IN the present day there is no doubt an increasing appreciation for such instruments as will enable observers to foretell weather changes. The interest thus shown by the public has to a considerable extent helped to push forward the manufacture of Barometers of every description. Those we are at present offering are not in expensive forms of cases, but they are nevertheless elegant in appearance and compact enough to find appropriate places on a wall in any home ; and we offer them at such prices as will place them within the reach of everybody.

THE BAROMETER is an absolute
"WEATHER WARNER for WEATHER WATCHERS."
It raises no false alarms.

Circular 6½ ins. diameter.	Visible aneroid movement		Oak case	Rs. 15-8
,, 8 ins.	,,	,,	,,	Rs. 22
,, 9 ins.	,,	,,	,,	Rs. 30
,, 5½ ins.	,,	,,	Nickel case	Rs. 30
Banjo shape, length 18 ins. dial 3½		Carved case	...	Rs. 18

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS, BY APPOINTMENT
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE EARL OF MINTO, G. M. S. I., G. M. I. E.,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
Telegraphic address : "Marcks," Bombay, Telephone No. 189.

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FROM 1st to 30th JUNE.
DUTCH HAVANAS.

			Rs.	A.
Prima Vera	... ...	per 50	6	8
El Balcon	... ...	,, 50	5	8
La Silvera	... ...	,, 50	4	8
La Crema	... ...	,, 50	4	0

The above are the same quality as our El Aliento, but only differ in size and shape.

			Rs.	A.
Spotted Dogs, Neuberg's	per 50		3	8
Spotted Dogs, Marriman's	,, 100		3	8
La Zenobia, Spotted	... ,, 100		7	8
La Simpatica	... ... ,, 100		6	0

The above smoke dry during the Rains and are much in Demand all the year round.

Up-country orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

☞ TRIAL SOLICITED, SATISFACTION ASSURED.

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MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1

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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

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Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.
THE
Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

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1909.

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And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

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TEAS,
COFFEE,
COCOA,
WINES,
SPIRITS,
PROVISIONS.
"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."
QUALITY GUARANTEED.

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THE best Tonic for the System, containing all the properties of the peruvian bark, aids digestion, and prevents fever attacks ; pleasant to the taste. It is recommended to convalescents.

DOSE.—A liqueur glass before or after meals.
OBTAINABLE IN LITRE BOTTLES,
RS. 5-12
FROM
MONGINI BROTHERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

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Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House 1899, also the Commissioner Milner 1902, H. E. Viscount High Africa.

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FROM LONDON.
PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR.
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F. C. S.
ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.
Coloured Card and Book on Application.
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"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

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BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake	150°	in cases
Chester	125°	,, ,,
Monkey	125°	,, ,,
Elephant in tins and bulk		

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

LADY TYPIST WANTED.

WANTED A LADY TYPIST, one with knowledge of correspondence preferred. Apply No. 4, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED, from FRIDAY, the 1st proximo, till FRIDAY, the 15th proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 16th June, 1910.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.

THE Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for the APPOINTMENT of EXECUTIVE ENGINEER for the Municipality, under Section 74 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

2. The Municipal Act provides that the Executive Engineer shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office.

3. The appointment, which is subject to confirmation by the Local Government, will be for a renewable term of five years. The incumbent is liable to removal during his term of office for misconduct, or for neglect of or incapacity for, his duties on the votes of not less than two-thirds of the Councillors present at a meeting of the Corporation.

4. He should have knowledge of Municipal Engineering in all its branches including Drainage and Water Works especially Roads and Buildings, Lighting and Electricity, and possess ability to supervise the various departments employed in the Engineering works of a large City.

5. The minimum monthly salary of the appointment is Rs. 1,200 and the maximum Rs. 2,000. The service is pensionable under the Pension Rules of the Bombay Municipality, information regarding which and regarding leave rules can be obtained on a reference to the undersigned in Bombay or to Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S., of Messrs. John Taylor & Sons and Sando Gribg, Westminster, London.

6. Applicants should state the minimum initial salary (in Rupees) within the limits abovementioned which they are willing to accept.

7. Applications which should be accompanied by copies only of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be addressed to the Undersigned, and forwarded as follows:—

(a) By applicants in Europe: to the care of Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, M. Inst. C. E., F. C. S. Westminster, London, so as to reach him not later than the 31st July, 1910.

(b) By other applicants: to the Municipal Office in Bombay, so as to reach the Undersigned not later than the 31st July, 1910.

R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

Bombay, 4th June, 1910.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

HENRY'S GREAT INDIAN REMEDIES.

IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.

THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism Gout, Neuralgia, etc.

HIPPACEA.—The finest ointment in the world for the Horse and other animals

TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.

JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.

OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

SOLE AGENTS,

CROFT MODY & CO.,

BOMBAY.

'CLAN MACKENZIE" SCOTCH WHISKY.

As supplied to the British House of Commons is one of the finest WHISKIES obtainable.

Is supplied to Royalty, Principal Railway and Steamship Companies, Hotels & Clubs all over Europe,

SOLE AGENT:

BOMANJI DHUNJIBHOY,

23, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Can be obtained from

Messrs. MANEKJI & Co., Church Gate Street,
" D. C. UMRIGAR & Co., Crawford Market,
Mr. P. C. SHROFF, Corner of Grant Road,
and
ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

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Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
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THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
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ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

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RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 27,50,000

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FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

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Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

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Capital Subscribed ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
Capital Called up ... ,, 50,00,000
Reserve Fund..... ,, 1,75,000

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The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM HAJEE COOLA, C. I. E.

B. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest when does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods as for as which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE. (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
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BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
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HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
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HONGKONG		
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

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Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200 000

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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

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Manager.

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HEAD OFFICE,
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AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p.a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

O. M. BARNES,
Manager.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... ,, 17,62,500
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 3,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

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HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 2 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 5 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Standard Buildings, Bombay, Sept. 1908.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

H. C. Suit No. 238 of 1903.

Jamnavahoo vs. Jivavahoo

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit, Messrs. Crawford and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th day of June 1910, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, the remaining very valuable jewellery, comprising diamond and emerald necklace, pearl bangles, pearl necklaces, ear-drops, ear-rings, necklets, diamond rings, pearl bead nose and neck ornaments, diamond, brilliants and saphire rings, pearl armlets, pearl head-dress, nose rings, pearl armlets and bangles, ruby bangles, diamond ring, diamond necklace, ear-drops, pearl and ruby bangles, pearl vanks, diamond and pearl ear-rings, pearl and emerald bangles, diamond and ruby earrings, and other ornaments.

The above is on view at the office of the Auctioneers.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT AMBOVLI NEAR ANDHERI.

Under instructions from and by order of the owner. Mr. Rattonjee Dosabhai Karani, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will, at their Auction Rooms, in Fort, Bombay, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned properties, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th day of June, 1910, at 3 p.m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Government waste and creek land or ground situate, lying and being at Amboyli in the village of Amboyli, in the Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 3,89,000 square yards in all or thereabouts, bearing Survey No. 110, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the Versowa Causeway, on or towards the south partly by the land bearing Survey No. 106, of Andheri, and partly by the Versowa Creek, on or towards the west by the boundary of the Village of Versowa, and on or towards the East by the portion of land bearing Survey No. 110 of Amboyli.

The said property will be put up for sale in 19 different lots as shown on the plan thereof.

For further particulars and conditions of sale and for inspection of the said plan, application may be made to Messrs. Pestanji, Rustim, Kola and Co., Solicitors, for the owner, at No. 79, Medows Street, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furnniture such as sofas, chairs, writing, dressing and washand tables, almiria, cupboard, chest of drawers, Chubb's safe on stand, phonographs.

At 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred office shigram,
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred brougham.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY on the Bastaia of Nagdevi Road (otherwise called Butcher Street), near Crawford Market.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1042 of 1909.

Haji Ahmed Hasam.....Plaintiff
vs.
Hoosein Jamal Kasai and others...Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, Receiver in the above suit, and pursuant to the order made in the said Suit on the 31st day of May, 1910, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, at the premises, the undermentioned property, at 5 P.M. (S.T.), on TUESDAY, the 21st day of June, 1910.

PARTICULARS.—All that piece or parcel of land of fazendari tenure bearing Collector's New Survey No. 2321, situate on the east side of Nagdevi Road (otherwise called Butcher Street), in the City of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty-six square yards or thereabouts and situated within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector and Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under B. Ward No. 320 (2), Street Nos. 73 to 75, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Haji Habib, on towards the south by the property formerly of Hassonally Fakir Mahomed, but now belonging to Mahomed Samasji and others, on or towards the west by the said Nagdevi Road and on or towards the east by a Municipal gutter.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Company, Attorneys for the receiver, or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 15, New Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and black-wood household furniture by Davji Ganji, etc., such as set of dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner waggon, plate cupboard, drawingroom sofas and easy chairs, cabinets, teapoys, iron and teakwood bedsteads, mirror front almiras, clothes and hanging presses, marable-topped dressing and washhand tables, Indian carpets, cretonne curtains, windsroof lamps, etc., the property of W. N. Shelstone, Esq., proceeded to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE 4 STORIED HOUSE, (known as Esrandiawalla's House), situate at the corner of Bazar Gate Street and Gunbow Street, opposite the Wadia's Clock Tower.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the late Mr. Nowroji Pestonji Gazdar, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of June, 1910, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit ground rent tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the western side of Bazar Gate Street, in the Fort, admeasuring 250 square yards or thereabouts, be the same, little more or less, bearing Collector's Old No. 411, New No. 5,435, Old Survey No. 261, and New Survey No. 9,244, and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under "A" Ward No. 2,164, and Street Nos. 38-44, Bazar Gate Street, and bounded on the east by Bazar Gate Street, on the west by the property of the late Mr. Cowasji Mehta, on the south by several shops belonging to the Bhomissa and others, and on the north by the property of Mr. P. H. J. Rustomji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. S. N. Gazdar, one of the Trustees at the Indian Aluminium Co., Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 17th June, 1910.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the most important—discoveries in medicine comes that of

THERAPION.

Unquestionably the most reliable Patent Medicine ever introduced, it has been used in the continental Hospitals by Ricord, Ramon, Jobert, Velpeau, Malconvenne, &c., and in Europe Chloroform, and lauded by all who are regarded as authorities in such matters, and during the celebrated Lallemand and Ricord, by whom it was name Sapo since universally adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy there is no doubt. From the time of Aesculapius downwards, a potent agent in the removal of illness diseased has the famed philosopher's stone) been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power of such could even those dreams of the most inventive the boon which into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy to cure at once and completely the baleful energies of the confirmed roue; in the one case, and in the other so effectually, speedily and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge of, a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION

which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which so little pretension and noise have been made, and the ever-increasing demand for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Obtainable from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, and principal Chemists. Therapion is now also obtainable in

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BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY No. 28, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, the unclaimed articles, such as gold rings, bangles, buttons, earings, silver rings, silver buttons with chains, metal watches, one lot of books, curtains, pictures, wearing apparels, dhotars, sarees, overcoats, saddle, bicycles, a large lot of brass, copper, German silver utensils, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 Bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 Grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 second-hand palanquin office shigram with a chestnut pony, sound and strong, and a set of harness.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 17th June, 1910.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS. 10, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF THE LANDED PROPERTY, in Copper Smith Cart Street, at Mazagaon.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of June, 1910, at the hour of 4-30 p.m. standard time, in the afternoon, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned property by order and under instructions of the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Keshavji Raghewji Lete, in exercise of the power of sale contained in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 3rd day of September, 1906, executed by the above mortgagor in favour of the mortgagee.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Northern and Southern sides of the street, formerly called Nawghur Street and now known as Copper Smith Cart Street, at Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (111) square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 106 and 107, New No. 11767 and 11768, Old Survey Nos. 137, and 137, and New Survey No. 2,549, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward E. No. 5,865 and Street No. 51, and bounded on the east, partly by the public passage and partly by the property of Ameen Mangroy, on the west by the house of Hassam bin Rawa Thacoor, and on the north and south by the said Nawghur Street, now called Copper Smith Cart Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Manchershah and Narmashankar, Attorneys for the said Mortgagee, at their office in No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 17th June, 1910.

E. F. ALLELENS LEPER HOME, TROMBAY.

IS OPEN to LEPERS of all Castes and Creeds. Efficient Medical attendance with the latest scientific methods of treatment. Feeding and Clothing free of charge. No interference with the religious beliefs. For admission, apply to—

D. A. D'MONTE, M.D.,
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer,
E. F. Alleleus Leper Home, Trombay.

The "British Medical Journal" says—"Benger's Food has, by its excellence, established a reputation of its own."

BENGER'S

Benger's Food is soothing and satisfying. It contains all the elements of a natural food in a condition suitable for immediate absorption.

When milk alone is heavy and unsatisfying, Benger's Food, made with milk, is appetising and nutritive.

Benger's Food should be used

For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED,

for healthy development in infancy, for rebuilding strength in weakened systems, and for the preservation of old age in usefulness and vigour.

Readers can obtain a 48-page booklet, "Benger's Food and How to Use it," which contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants," and practical information on the care of Invalids, etc., on application to Benger's Food Ltd. Otter Works, Manchester, England.

Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

Sal Hepatica

An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in

Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation

Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions.

For sale by chemists.

KEMP & Co. 7, Elphinstone Circle Bombay
REYNOR & Co 55 Esplanade Road

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, June 15.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ... ... 81 15-16—3-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs—25·25 1-2 —0-1
Exchge 3 per cent. ... ... 98 3-4—1-4
Berlin Cheques on London ... ... 20·49—0 1-2
Bar Silver Spot.... ... ... 24 5-8 unchgd
Do. 2 months hence.... ...24 11-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady with small Buyers,
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ... 62 2-16 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight 1-2-12 1-2 unchgd (Bank buying rate).
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 9-6-10
3 1/2 per cent, Indian Stock (Sterling Loan).... ... ... 95 3-4 unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight... 2 5-8 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight 2 7-8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 3 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months... 3 3-8 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ...
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 2 5-8 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ... 2 7-8 — 1-8

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—

Bills on Bombay	Rs.	10,000 at 1 3 31-32	
Bills on Calcutta	Rs.	50,000 at 1 3 31-32	
Bills on Madras	Rs.	40,000 at 1 3 31-32	

MANCHESTER, June 15.

COTTON.

Total day's Sales at Liverpool ... 5,000 Bales.
Do. day's Sales on Spot and for Exp ..... "
Do. day's Sales of East Indian ... 50 "
Do. day's Imports ... ... 2,000 "
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot. ...Dull.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...Dull.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ...Quiet.
Mid Americans ... ... 8-17+2
Egyptian F. G. F. ... ...13 3-4 unchgd

	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S
Cotton Delivery	7·74	7·73	7·34
	+1	+9	+1
Mid Uplands	S.-O.	O.-N.	N. D.
	6·89	6·67	6·58
G. O. C.	+2	+2	+2
	D. J.	J. F.	F.-M.
Liverpool	6·54	6·53	6·52
	+2	+4	+4

NEW YORK, June 15.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 2,000
Do Last year ... 4,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... .
Do. Exports to Continent 2,000

Futures at New York ..... Declined owing to unfavourable cables and bear pressure and liquidation.
July 15·20— 3
Do at New York .....
Oct. 12·56— 7
Spot Cotton at New York... ... 15·25—5
Fair Rio Coffee (No.7 quality) ... 8 1-4 unchgd
Demand Bills ... ... 4·86 5-8 unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars ... ... 53 3/8 unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 15 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ... Steady.
Futures at New Orleans ... ...July 15·08— 3
Do. at New Orleans ... ... Oct. 12·40— 7

LONDON, June 11.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 52 1/2
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—June-July.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Hamburg.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Buyers, Sellers, &c Sellers.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. 32 3-4
Do. Months—June-July. Paymt.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 40 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 39
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 35 1-2
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet but Steady.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 53 1-4
Do. Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Value.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 10 1 1-2 Value.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags. 17 7 1/2
Months of Shipment, July-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Quiet.

METAL.

Copper Braziers .. .. £ 66
Yellow Metal .... d 5 15-16

SKIN SALE.

Sheep skin sale closed to-day, with Madras, strong demand; Bombay, fair demand. Sold sheep skins 27000.

SHEEP SKINS—
Madras Prime 1-2 to 1d higher
Madras Good 1 to 1 1-2d
Madras Ordinary 1-2 to 1d
Bombay Good 1d lower
Bombay Fair 1-2 to 1d lower
Bombay ordinary 1-2d lower

BOMBAY, June 16,

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at 1s. 3 29-32d. for T. T. and 1s. 3 29-32d. to 1s. 3 15-16d. for demand and 1s. 4 3-32d. for 3 months' sight credits.]

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... 1s. 3 29-32d. to 1s. 3 15-16d.
D. D. Mail ... ... 1s. 3 15/16d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4d. Dem.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s.4d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, 1s. 4 3-32d. to 1s. 4 1/8d.
,, ,, Forward ... ... 1s. 4 1/8d. July.
,, 6 m/s Ready 1s. 4 7/32d. to 1s. 4 1/4d.
France 3 m/s ,, ... 169 1/4
Marks 3 m/s ,, ... 137 1/2
60 d/s. Hongkong 133 1-2
,, Shanghai 179 1/2
,, Japan 151

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal advanced by Rs. 22 1-2 lacs and the rate of interest has been reduced by 1 per cent. to 4. The market for Government paper advanced to Rs. 95-4 6 and closed at the same rate.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London remained unchanged at 24 5-8 for ready and 24 11-16 for forward and New York also remained the same at 53 3-8.

Locally silver opened at Rs. 72-8-0. London market being unchanged and private advices reported "steady and few buyers," our market remained steady, and there being a little demand, prices advanced by an anna and forwards closed at Rs. 72-9-0. Demand for ready was poor and about 50 to 60 packages changed hands.

Gold market remained steady with a moderate demand as usual, and prices fluctuated by half an anna in accordance with the demand. Sovereigns were in demand as usual and prices remained unchanged.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 Chintu	23	7	0
National Bank	24	2	6
Chartered Bank	24	1	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	3	6
Do. Dragon	15	0	3
Australian	24	2	0
English Gold	24	2	0
Native Bullion	24	0	6
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	6

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
117 1/2 Penny	72	8	0
117 Penny	72	7	0
Local per tola ...	0	11	0

FUTURES.

First Settlement	72	9	0
Second do	72	13	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Steady. London prices were 3d. up. Demand for ready and forward was a little more and prices were put up by an anna.

Rapeseed, Wheat.—Quiet but steady. London prices remained unchanged. Buyers and sellers were moderate and prices fluctuated by half an anna to an anna.

Poppyseed, Mowrraseed, Castorseed, Gingellyseed, Cottonseed and Groundnuts.—Dull. Demand seemed very poor, and very little business is passing. Prices unchanged.

Description,		Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...	Rs. 9 13 0
Linseed, Small ...	...	,, 9 10 0

RAPESEED—

Brown Cawnpore ...	...	,, 5 13
Yellow do. ...	...	,, 6 6
Do. Gujarat ...	...	,, 6 8
Poppyseed ...	...	,, 9 6
Castorseed ...	...	,, 36 to 37
Mowrraseed... ...	...	,, 6 11
Maize	...	,, 15 to 20
Groundnuts ...	...	,, 42 to 44
Mustardseed ...	...	,, 85 to 95
Gingellyseed ...	...	,, 42 to 53
Khandesh Howri ...		
Gulburga do. ...		,, 50 to 52
Kalbur do. ...		
Itarsi do. ...		
White Gin, Bold 95/5		
Do. do do 85/15		,, 46 to 49
Do. do. do. 75/25...		
Do. Mixed 50/50...		
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...		,, 43 to 44
Do. do. 85/15...		
Gin, Black Beaver ...		,, 43 to 45
Do. do. Gadag ...		
Gin Red Khandwa ...		,, 45 to 47
Do. Naggi ...		
Do. Yellow Hingganghat		,, 40 to 53
Do. do. Secunderabad		
Do. do. Gujarat		
Do. Black Kutni		,, 42 to 43
Do. Ahmedabad...		

WHEAT—

Pissi	...	,, 31 to 33
Hard Red...	...	,, 30 to 32
Cottonseed	...	— ,, 22 to 23

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 15th June :—

Wheat	...	3,436 owts
Linseed	...	5,472 "
Rapeseed	...	2,010 "
Gingellyseed	...	1,802 "
Poppyseed	...	2,974 "
Groundnuts	...	130 "
Castorseed	...	3,898 "
Rice	...	1,988 "
Myrabollams	...	4,085 "
Cottonseed	...	11,324 "
Mowrraseed... ...	...	638 "
Gram	...	750 "
Joowar	...	4 "
Maize	...	9 "

SPINNINGS.

Petits were quoted at Rs. 2,872 1-2 for July and Rs. 2,880 for August.

David ...	...	...	388 2-4
Kohinoor ...	...	...	697 1-2
Colaba ...	...	...	1,112 1-2
Standard ...	...	...	1,085
Nagpore...	...	...	1,710

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	...	...	1,562 1-2
Indian Specie Bank ...	...	...	56-4
Bank of India ...	...	...	68
Eastern Bank ...	...	...	72

RAILWAYS.

Tapti-Valley ...	...	...	475

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 4 points up and New York was 10 down. The tone of the Colaba market was dull. Demand from exporters and mills being nominal, prices remained unchanged. The opener was 3 to 5 points down which made the local market easier. New Broach opened at Rs. 288, but in the evening it closed at Rs. 287 1-2.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
100	Japan T Co	...Surat	... 345
400	Currimbhai	...Bengal	...250-255
100	Ripon Mills	...Parbhani	.. 258
100	Indi-China Mills...	...Chopda	... 273
400	Jubilee Mills	...Minra	...304-306
200	A Blashuck	...Khamgaon	... 236
100	Petit Mills	...Sawgin	... 322
200	H Goculdas & Co...	Mathia	... 266
	Bengal Hand Gin. Fine		... 262
	,, Good		... 250
	Bengal Machine Gin. Fine		... 280
	,, Good		... 265
	Sind ,, Punjab Fine		... 277
	,, Good		... 252
	Khandesh Fine		... 280
	,, Good		... 270
	Amraoti Fine		... 290
	,, Good		... 280
	Akola Khangaum Fine		... 290
	,, Good		... 280
	Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine		... 294
	,, Good		... 284
	Yeotmal Fine		... 300
	,, Good		... 290
	Nagpore Fine		... 304
	,, Good		... 294
	Wardha Hinganghat Fine		... 309
	,, Good		... 299
	Methia Fine		... 280
	,, Good		... 270
	Broach Gin Fine		... 320
	,, Good		... 310
	Sawginned Fine		... 321 May
	Coompta Ginned		... 313 "
	Westerns ,,		... 300

FUTURES.

Broach Good ...	...	...	... 287 1-2 Mar.
Bengal F G ...	...	...	... 217 1-2 Jan.

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 15th June :—

Khandeish ...	...	...	..... Bales.
Central India...	...	...	225 "
Barsi and Nagur	...	...	196 "
Berar ...	...	...	320 "
Central Provinces	...	...	152 "
Comras...	...	...	903 "
Dholera ...	...	...	1,982 "
Broach...	...	...	19 "
Coompta and Dharwar	...	...	2,538 "
Westerns ...	...	...	197 "
Bengals (N. W. P.)...	...	...	..... "
Rajputana ...	...	...	717 "
Sind ...	...	...	..... "
Persian ...	...	...	9 "
Other Sorts ...	...	...	..... "

Total ... 6,646 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, June 16.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	...	...	Quiet.
Estimated Sales	...	...	5,000
Total Imports	...	...	4,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

June—July	...	...	7·69 — 5
July—Aug.	...	...	7·60 — 4
Aug.—Sept	...	...	7·30 — 4
Sept.—Oct.	...	...	6·54 — 5
Oct.—Nov..	...	...	6·03 — 4
Nov.—Dec.	...	...	6·55 — 3
Dec.—Jan.	...	...	6·53 — 4
Jan.—Feb.	...	...	6·48 — 5
Feb.—Mar.	...	...	6·48 — 4

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	June. Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp — ...	11 6	... 12 0
Dunkirk	10 0	... 11 0
Havre	12 0	... 12 6
Hull	11 0	... .
Liverpool	11 7	... 11 6
Marseilles	11 7	... 11 6
Genoa	11 0	... 11 6
London	11 0	... 12 0
Hamburg	12 0	... 12 0
Trieste	14 6	... 15 6
Venice... ...	14 6	... 15 6
Open Ports ...	July	... 12 0
	Aug.	... 12 6
	Sept.	... 13 0

Market dull, practically no business.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 6 x 4	21	Rs. .....
	28	
	35	
	42	,, 53 12
	49	
	56	
Yellow Metal Sheets	63	
	70	Rs. .....
	77	
	84	
	21	,, 46 14
Tin Ingots.	28	,, 44 12
Spelter SSM ...	35	
M M ...	42	
J ...	49	,, 40 12
G ...	56	
Georgahuite	...	,, 18 4
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	,, 22 4
Copper Sheetings ...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		,, 43 4
Yellow Metal Sheetings lbs. 14, 16		,, 52 0
10, 12		,, 47 0

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, June 15.

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
2 Bundles ...	...	4,000	...
Importers.		Vessel.	From
M Mackenzie & Co	...	Kwara	Busreh

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 14th June, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	14	16,755
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	35	40,669

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st May 1910 in India and in England amounted to £18,830,999, and was held in the following form :—

1	Rupees in India equivalent to at £1=Rs. 15).....	£ 2,534,302
2	Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice	£ 2,463,440
3	British and Colonial Goverament Securities.....	£ 13,833,257
	Total...	18,830,999

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 17th June.

462. There will be Company Drill for "G" Company every Monday at 7 30 a.m., on the Maidan throughout the monsoon, commencing Monday the 20th instant.

463. Rifle Meeting.—The S. I. R. Meeting will be held at Bangalore from 5th to 17th September 1910. Prospectus may be seen at Head-Quarters.

464. Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "G" Company :—

No. 6859 Vol. K. H, McCormack.

465. Medals.—It is notified for information that the Medals for years 1909-10 are now ready for issue. Members entitled to them should attend Head-Quarters at an early date.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt., Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 17th June.

SCHOOL OF ARMS IN CONJUNCTION WITH "G" COY, BO. VOL. RIFLES.

It is notified for information that the School of Arms will commence at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening the 21st instant from 6 p m,

D. W. WILSON, Lieut., Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic Earnings for week ending 11th June.

	Miles Open.	Total for the week.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
Approx earnings for week ending 11th June 1910.	1606·65	920554	8005910	30979704
G. I. P. Ry. Sec	1178·04	222050	5807501	6029551
I. M. Ry System	125·66	26088	685996	712084
A. D. C. Ry.....	40·26	1562	38221	39783
Baran Kotah Ry.				
Total...	2950·61	1170254	36590868	37761122
Earnings for corpondg. 7 days ending 11th June 1909				
G. I. P. Ry Sec	1606·54	806159	24625216	25408675
I. M. Ry System	1178·06	198157	5160770	5358927
A. D. C. Ry...	125·66	25589	547856	583445
B. K. Railway	40·29	1628	9751	11379
Total	2950·55	1011533	30320893	31362426
Inc. G. I. P. R.	+ 0·11	+114395	+ 5456634	+ 5571029
Inc. I. M. Ry. or A. D. C. R.	— 0·02	+ 23893	+ 646731	+ 670624
	.....	— 9501	+ 138140	+ 128639
Dec. Baran.	.....	— 66	+ 28470	+ 28404

Note.—Corrected with Audited figures upto 30th April, 1910.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 16th June 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	15	17	hrs.	10	15
Teheran ...	16	12	50	1	17
Suez	16	14	hrs.	0	46

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala, without additional charge (19-11-09).

Cable Souakim Djedda interrupted. Telegrams for Djedda will be forwarded from Souakim fortnightly, also every Monday from Suez by Mail closing at 14 hours (7-6-10).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian frontier between Manyuen and Tengyweh also between Kutsing and Suanwei (16-6-10).

Communication to Ahwas restored. (14-6-10).

FLORILINE :—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road, London, England

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

REEVE—On Wednesday June 15, in England, Reginald Reeve, partner of Messrs. Kiddle Reeve and Co., Bombay. (By cable.)

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

LAZARO—June 12, at Madras, Thomas Anthony, Retired Agent and Merchant, aged 65 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h 2m. ; Sun sets, 7h. 17m : High water 8-8m., 7-18s.; Low water, 1-27m., 1-29s.

English Mail Steamer "Ocsana" is due to arrive at 6. a m.

Football : Government Telegraphs vs. Commercial Gymkhana, Cooperage, 5 45 p. m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, King's Funeral at the Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p. m.

Maxim : "Very often the friend who slaps you heartily on the back is getting ready to make a request for a small loan."—Dallas News.

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. Mail steamer "Himalaya," leaves Bombay for London at 2 p. m. to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China and Japan per s. s. "Capri" will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p. m. to-morrow, Saturday.

BURNT BY AN ELECTRIC CURRENT.—The switch box on tramcar No. 172 needed some repairs. When Keshow Morar (30), a carpenter in Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, was attending to the repairs, when a current ran to the switch tox through the car being coupled with another. He was badly injured ; both his hands were burnt.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—To-morrow Mr. Frank Anderson, M. A. will deliver a Lantern Lecture at 6-45 p.m., (S.T.) in the Hall of the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, when the members are most cordially invited to attend. The subject is "Athens." On Sunday, the 19th instant, the Senior class of the Brotherhood will meet at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, when Mr. Mirza A. A. Khan, B.A, Bar-at-law, will conduct the class, and will expound Aristotle's "Politics." The Junior class of the Brotherhood will meet the same hour at Bhuleshwar in the Goculdas Pejpal High School.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—The Annual Elementary Sanitary Class, organised by the Bombay Sanitary Association, will, if there be sufficient number of students, be organised this year in July next. All those intending to join the Class are requested to send in their application to the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Association, Municipal Offices, by the 1st proximo. A nominal fee of Re.10 will be charged, and the course of lectures will last for 3 or 4 months. Lectures are delivered in the evening after 5-45 p. m. (S.T.) twice a week. Certificates and prizes are given to successful candidates in the Examination.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col W. R. P. Wallace and Officers of the 1st Battalion, Gloucestershire Regt, the Band of the Battalion will play the following programme of music under the direction of Bandmaster A. F. Hawkes at 6 o'clock this evening :—

March.....Washington Grays .....Grafulla
Overture.....Fest.....Lortzing
Ceardas ...
Op .....Der Geist des Woi-woden.....Grossmann
Selection.....Songs without Words ...Mendelsohn
Valse .....Fiancee .....Gustavi de Lis
Selection.....La Reine de Saba .....Gounod
Patrol.....Siamese .....Linke

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.—The undersigned begs to acknowledge with thanks receipt of the following contributions towards the above school :—Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 51,827-3-1 ; The Bombay Municipal Corporation contribution for 1910-11, Rs. 2,500 ; Bai Jaijee Dhanjibhoy R. Sethna, (in 1 piece Bombay Port Trust Bond), Rs. 1,000; In memory of the late Mr. Bhagvandas Narotamdas, from his Executrix and Executors, Rs. 1001; The Bombay Hindu Share Brokers, through Messrs. Dipchand Nihalchand and Bhagvandas Harjivan, Rs. 62-5-3 ; In sacred memory of the anniversary of my late revered mother Bai Gulbai Dinshawjee D. Engineer, "Roj Khorda3, Maha Ava", Rs. 50; Messrs. Motisha & Co, Rs. 30; Girdhardas Jethabhai. in sacred memory of his late son-in-law Mr. Madhavdas Govindjee through Mr. Prabhashankar Jagjivan, Superintendent, Halai Lohana Orphanage, Rs. 25; Khareidjee Kuverjee Mody, in sacred memory of the anniversary of his late wife Bai Abhaijee, Rs. 20 ; Denshaw Edaljee Mistry, in loving memory of the late Bai Jerbai Bomanji Shroff, Rs. 15 ; Bai Gungabai (24th and 25th donations), Rs. 12 ; A sympathiser, Rs. 11 ; Mrs. D. P. B., Rs. 10 ; Babu Dev Kumarjee, of Aravali, Rs. 10 ; Sums of and under rupees five, Rs. 40-4 ; Total Rs. 55,713-12-4.

JAPAN'S COTTON IMPORTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A friend points out what he describes as a printer's error in my letter of the 10th instant, wherein I make 193 1/2 cwt. of cotton equal to 2,73,000 bales. I wish I could pass it on, but I must own to being responsible for it myself. It is a case of a mistake once made, being repeated in the checking.

Japan's imports of Indian Cotton therefore must be taken to read as averaging 550,000 bales per annum during the past 10 years and consequently 50 per cent. of their total consumption and not 25 per cent. only.

Apologising for having to trouble you again.—Yours, &c.,

ARTHUR LESLIE.

Bombay, June 15.

MALAD TRAINS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The grievance from a passenger, expressing hardship, delay and inconvenience at Malad station, as stated in the issue of your paper of yesterday's date, is quite correct, and I corroborate the same. Owing to congestion in Bombay it has been found desirable by Government that people should settle in the suburbs, but if facilities are curtailed and the majority of clerks, artisans, mechanics and merchants are required to attend their offices at Standard Time, 39 minutes before the old convenient Bombay Time, how can one think of settling in the suburbs? Besides not only the residents of Malad, but those of Chinchowli, Orlem, Karoady, Ratouri, Malwani and Marwa have been greatly disappointed by this arrangement and alteration of the Time Table. As a matter of fact all local and fast trains should be made to halt at Malad and I trust this will have the kind attention of Government and Railway authorities.—Yours, etc.,

AN OBSERVER.

Marwa, June 16.

A REPORT is published in Berlin that China has ordered two cruisers and twenty torpedo-boats from German firms.

☞ THE daylight-saving proposals which have been brought forward in various parts of the world are to be submitted for consideration at the next conference of State Premiers in Australia.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 16.

The rainfall has lessened considerably in the Peninsula, and has been there confined to the neighbourhood of Goa and the extreme South, but over the whole of Northern India, apart from the North-Western desert the rainfall has been general, while in Burma it has been local. The disturbance in Kashmir has given a moderately heavy precipitation in the extreme North.

The principal amounts are: Bhamo and Chittagong, two inches ; Dhubri, one and a half ; Bogra, Dinajpore and Darjeeling, three ; Walpaiguri, five ; Darbhanga, one and a half ; Patna, Lucknow, Mainpuri and Chakrata, two; Bahraich and Jhansi, one: Amballa, and Murree, two ; Rawalpindi, three ; Gulmarg, one and a half ; Mount Abu, two ; Kotah, four ; Rajkot one and a half ; Nowgong and Sutna, one ; and Kodaikanal, one and a half.

Forecast :—No large change.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Esplanade in Cts	Byculla in Cts	Fort in Cts	Colaba. In Cts
Previously registered...	4·19	3·33	4·68	3·18
Thursday, 16th June.....	0·06	0·07	0·05	0·09
Total.....	4·25	3·90	4·71	3·27
Same date last year	6·22	6·15	7·36	6·49

MESSRS, KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL, June 16.
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.
Cumballa.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.

Appended on Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Namesof Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (15th)	91·6	82·1	...	...
Jask	93·3	84·7	...	...
Muskat	...	...	...	...
Multan	106·3	69·0	...	3·45
Rawalpindi	103·9	67·9	2·58	3·45
Lahore	100·9	81·2	...	0·23
Sirsa	...	...	...	...
Ambala	101·5	75·0	2·25	2·35
Delhi	93·7	76·2	0·11	0·11
Agra	88·0	75·0	0·42	0·61
Mainpuri	92·8	...	1·75	1·87
Jhansi	89·5	74·0	0·90	2·17
Cawnpore	79·0	75·0	0·45	1·97
Allahabad	83·6	76·0	0·53	1·56
Jacobabad	111·6	86·8	...	0·29
Karachi	91·0	84·5	0·05	0·05
Ajmer	96·7	72·6	0·35	1·05
Jaipur	94·2	71·1	0·27	0·99
Kotah	95·0	86·1	3·50	6·81
Bhuj	95·1	79·0	0·27	0·31
Dwarka	88·3	81·2	0·14	0·38
Veraval	86·1	82·8	0·01	1·72
Rajkot	93·5	77·6	1·56	0·48
Gaznagar Para	93·6	79·5	0·30	3·05
Surat	85·1	79·1	0·22	3·40
Ahmedabad	97·6	78·7	0·13	3·09
Deesa	97·8	77·9	0·05	0·44
Neemuch	94·0	70·8	...	2·27
Indore	85·1	73·1	0·15	6·86
Jubbulpore	80·3	74·3	0·77	5·01
Saugor	79·6	72·0	0·45	3·31
Hoshangabad	88·6	75·9	0·12	3·22
Khandwa	93·7	78·4	...	3·67
Akola	94·2	75·1	0·01	2·57
Amraoti	89·8	74·8	...	1·44
Nagpur	90·6	74·8	0·03	6·43
Chanda	89·5	77·0	0·06	2·45
Raipur	85·7	73·6	...	4·80
Bombay	88·6	77·8	0·09	2·27
Ratnagiri	88·3	78·9	0·04	7·15
Mormugao	87·0	76·2	0·19	16·09
Karwar	87·3	73·5	1·65	18·82
Malegaon	93·6	74·6	...	4·57
Ahamednagar	92·9	71·5	...	1·79
Poona	90·0	72·8	0·03	1·00
Sholapur	97·8	75·4	...	0·99

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge .....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook ..Comdr J Marsack ...R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack .....R I M
R I M S Investigator ..Comdr W Y Beauchamp.....
Survey Street
R I M S Pollinart ..Comdr Taylor .....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—June 15.

Aidgate .....2208 King.....W & A Graham & Co
Abydos .....1940 Robertson ...N F...G Hossein
Ayuthia ..... 634 Curtis .....F F Campbell
Beme ..... 1899 Barrand ...Shaw, Wallace & Co
Clematis.....2368 Robinson...Andrew Weir & Co
Cromby .....2531 Wamsley...W&A Graham & Co
Den of Ruthven..3110 Thomson ..Killick Nixon & Co
Feliciana .....2765 Falck .....T Morrison & Co
Harport.....2503 Latab .....T Morrison & Co
Harmonic .....1826 Rai .....Captain
Hydra ..... 831 Kershaw...F F Campbell& Co
Himalaya .....3700 Spicer .....London ..18 6.....
P & O S N & Co
Homayun .....2154 Milony .....B & P S N & Co
Ivydene .....2277 Binks ....W & A Graham & Co
Lhasa..... 930 McDiarmid.....M M & Co
Magna ..... 772 Maude.....M M & Co
Magdala.....3133 Lymond...W & A Graham & Co
Najmi .....2522 Hallet ....E & A M Jeswanji
Nowshera .....1961 Rose.....M M & Co
Nerbudda .....1931 Ramage .....M M & Co
Niram .....2041 McGonnell ....T Morrison & Co
Orissa .....3525 Kedslie .....M M & Co
Oceana .....3155 Ryder.....W & A Graham & Co
Ocha .....3435 Lemarchand.....M M & Co
Quirimba .....4937 Smith .....M M & Co
Rehmania .....1872 Coats .....B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Bora.....B & H S N & Co
Saifi ..... 502 Willoughby...S & H S N & Co
Springburn .....3173 Crosthwaite, W&A Graham & Co
Strathden.....2810 Mason.....Shaw Wallace & Co
Vadala .....2164 Ramage .....M M & Co
Virawa .....2175 Emmett .....M M & Co
Warburn .....3127 Stephens ..W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 16.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Sutherland	1794	Rodger	.....Dunkirk	..21 6	J Finlay & Co Ld
C&R Devanha	4785	Powell	...Aden	..25 6	P & O S N Co
D&E Newby Hall	2341	Parker	.....Liverpool	..5 7	Killick Nixon & Co
F Peerless	2011	Vickers	.Barrow in Furness	..20 6	W & A Graham & Co
G Naderi	1169	Gore	.....P Gulf	..22 6	B & P S N & Co
H Islami	1604	Green	.....R S Ports	.....N F...	B & P S N & Co
L Radiant	1845	Smart	..Philadelphia	..28 6	R A Willis
M Mamgon	3279	Cocklier	.....Rangoon	.....17 6	M M & Co
N Strathleven	2845	Todd	.....Philadelphia	..20 6	R A Willis
P Teespool	2938	McCarthy	...Port Said	24 6	W & A Graham & Co
Q Folmina	2546	Eijken	...Karachi	18 6	M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Somali	1615	Greiwe	.....Durban	.....21 6	A Strandis & Co
2 Olympia	3239	Tail	...Liverpool	.....22 6	W & A Graham & Co
5 Heronspool	2105	Jones	....Port Said	...17 6	W & A Graham & Co
6 Bassano	2762	Boxhall	.....Karachi	.....21 6	J Finlay & Co
7 Braunfels	3558	Schmidt	..Hamburg	...18 6	W & A Graham & Co
8 Quiloa	4912	Stewart	.....Rangoon	...18 6	M M & Co
10&11 Delhi	4783	Gordon	.....Shanghai	...22 6	P & O S N & Co
14 Linga	756	Cuthbush	.....Karachi	...17 6	M M & Co
15 Capri	2717	Morosco	...Hongkong	...17 6	P R S N & Co
16 Madura	1273	Bamber	.....Buscreh	.....20 6	M M & Co

Offside

P Gleneden	3018	Graham	...Baltimore	...25 6	R A Willis

M W D D

Berwada	3270	Fry	.....N F.....	.....M M & Co	

H W V D

Kasara	505	Elton	.....Buscreh	...16 6	...M M & Co

H W P D

Netravati	699	Casam	...Karachi	...17 6	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	...M'Goa	18 6	Bo S N Co Ld
Satrunji	547	Esmail	...N F...	N F...	Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri	553	Mahomed	...B'nager	17 6	Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
16	Den of Ruthven...	Thomson ...	Calcutta, June 5
	Feliciana	Falck	Calcutta, June 3
	Aynthia	Curtis	K'Chang, May 25
	Homayun	Molony	Jeddah June 5
	Virawa	Emmett	Bhawnagar

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
16	Wakasa Maru	Melsun	Kobe
	Nawb	Corkhill	Calcutta

The following vessel obtain his portclearance on Thursday:—

Steamer Mazagon, Cocklier, Calcutta.

The following vessels began to load on Thursday:—

Steamer Nizam for Calcutta.
" Abydos for Rangoon.
" Harmonic for Liverpool etc.

DAILY EXPORTS—JUNE 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—1950 cwts myrabolams E Oomersey; 71 bales cotton fly R Gonaldas; 11 bales wool M Cassam; 42 bales wool D Kundenmal; 225 bales wool B Hurbham; 5 bales wool the Bombay and Co Ld.

Newby Hall s—100 bales gunney cuttings P Bhimji 2225 cwts myrabolams; W Bechar; 53 bales wool F Khoopchand.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—165 bales cottonfly, and 60 bales hemp K Vishram and Co; 50 bales cotton and 1000 cwts castorseed Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Olympia s—150 bales cotton the Bombay and Co Ld.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Olympia s—15 bales twist Greaves Cotton and Co; 22 bales twist D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—1,654 cwts myrabolams, E Oomersey.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia s—24 casks skins, Enrico N Stein.

FOR HAVRE.

Heronspool s—201 cwts mustardseed, A Blaschek and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Teespool s—115800 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK

Clan Sutherland s—447 cwts linseed and 651 cwts poppyseed, D Sassoon and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed H Mugnlal; 52 cwts gum, T Nursey.

FOR HAMBURG.

Braunfels s—110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Capri s—50 cwts sharkfins, K N Mianee and Co.

Delhi s—76 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 1,000 bales twist, S J David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delhi s—324 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Capri s—24 bales cotton, Vatchaghandi and Sons.

FOR OSAKA.

Delhi s—695 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Delhi s—1,179 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

BARON MISUI, a director of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, has arrived in Berlin, it is stated with the object of entering into relations with German banks and also of inspecting German shipyards.

It is said that the Planters of Mauritius intend to petition the Secretary of State to protest against the suppression of Indian immigration, which, it is feared, will have very serious effect on the planters.

THE ROYAL GOOD HOPE ESPLANADE BAR,

WITH

JOHN ROBERT'S BILLIARD SALOON,

BY

OLD PARSEE GEORGE,

REMOVED after 22 years from the 1st Esplanade Cross Lane to the new 3rd ESPLANADE CROSS LANE, opposite to the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Company.

McEWAN'S

ENGLISH PALE ALE ON DRAUGHT.

Near Crawford Market.

A few minutes' walk from Tramway Line.

Wine, &c., of the best quality.

Charges comparatively very moderate.

PROPRIETOR:—C. P. OOMRIGUR.

PIANOS

FOR SALE

FOR HIRE

On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.

BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.

SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

UP-TO-DATE
FURNITURE

IN HANDSOME DESIGNS.

FOR CASH—HIRE PURCHASE—HIRE

Roll Top Office Desks.

A SPECIALITY

ONLY SEASONED WOOD USED.

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No Order too large
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For Our Immediate and
Careful Attention.

LUARD BARRINGTON & Co.,

THE RELIABLE EUROPEAN AGENCY,

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MALARIA

NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.

CHOLERA.

"ZAM-ZAM."

A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,

170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,

BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price.
	Rs. a. p.
Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 8 2 per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	6 8 2 " "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2 " "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2 " "
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2 " "
Elephant, 125 deg.....	4 3 0 per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0 per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

HOTEL MAJESTIC.

To be OPENED SHORTLY at Corner of Wodehouse Road.

Very nicely and fully furnished, airy, freely ventilated Rooms, with excellent Restaurant on the Premises.

Electric Lifts, Lights, Fans and all modern conveniences and comfort provided and hot and cold water laid on.

ROOMS WILL BE OPEN FOR INSPECTION from 20TH JUNE.

PLAN OF ROOMS CAN BE SEEN ON THE PREMISES.

For all other full particulars apply in writing to

BRANDON & CO.,

VICTORIA TERMINUS.

ROYAL

EDISWAN

METFIL

ELECTRIC

LAMPS.

Stocked by

MESSRS. GREAVES, COTTON & CO.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

"A. B. Master"—We cannot continue the subject.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 17th June, 1910.

KING'S MEETING IN BOMBAY.

WHATEVER may have been said of the unworthy character of the demonstration at the Proclamation of King George V. in Bombay, it must be admitted that the meeting held on Wednesday evening, to pass a vote of condolence with the Royal Family, more than compensated for the shortcomings of the previous gathering, and was in every way creditable to the City and the Presidency. It was well attended and the assembly was fully representative of every race, caste and creed. The Governor was present, and presided, and among his supporters were the Senior Member of Council, the Bishop, a prominent dignitary of the Roman Catholic Church, the General Officer Commanding, the Chief Justice and Judges of the High Court, Additional Members of Council and high officers of Government and of the various branches of the services, representatives of the Bar and of the trade, commerce and industry of Bombay, besides hundreds of the general public. There was only one fault to be found with it, and that is that it was not held at least a fortnight earlier. Had it been, we should have had every reason to be proud of the gathering, of the sentiments expressed and of the words in which those sentiments were clothed. His Excellency the Chairman's speech was a model of good taste and elegant diction, and we are glad to note that he lost no time in discouraging the idea of an All-India Memorial, which would be absolutely purposeless and inutilitarian. "I strongly feel," said His Excellency, "that the great provinces, which are manageable entities that do not baffle the imagination of the average man and are capable of common action on a wide scale, should each have a memorial of its own." And that feeling is very widely shared not only in Bombay city but throughout the Presidency. As we know, Bombay made but a poor attempt to manifest its sorrow at the death of Queen Victoria, and Sir John Muir Mackenzie did well to remind the meeting of the fact. Did our deeds square with our words? he asked. "Was the amount of money that was subscribed to her memorial worthy of their regard for Queen Victoria? Could anybody say it was so?" There can only be one answer; emphatically it was not. But why? There is one only reply. The money from Bombay went to Calcutta and that of the powerful Chiefs, who would have assisted us, was swallowed up by the same quicksand which has been the despair of architects and builders in the Eastern capital. Never again must so fatuous a proposal be given a moment's serious consideration.

The Address of Condolence, which was read by the Chief Justice, Sir Basil Scott, and adopted by the meeting, just short of poesy, was sufficiently florid to commend itself to the Oriental mind. It begins with a sonorous pathetic roll like the "Dead March in Saul" and closes with suggestions of hope, rays of the sunshine of promise, like Chopin's "Marche Funebre." It is worthy of Macaulay. Were the voice as powerful as the pen we could imagine the author standing near the woolsack and wringing tears from the eyes of a full house of Peers, by his delivery of the polished periods and rounded sentences which thrill the readers as they stand in cold print. "Our hearts are bowed with grief; the Reaper has cut down the King who made us one in our devotion to the Crown and in our confidence that the most stable guarantee of the liberties of India, its peace, prosperity and progress lies in the monarchy," says the Address. But it only professes to voice the feeling of the citizens of Bombay in public meeting assembled, be it remembered. Would that it voiced the feeling of the entire educated people of this country and there were none amongst us who will condemn this asseveration as bathos, and continue to strive for an autonomy and would bring the fabric of Empire tottering to its fall. But at a time like the present we need give but little head to the dissentient voice, for the common sorrow has served to call forth demonstrations of loyalty and unshaken confidence in the British "raj," when opportunities for so doing were wanted, and the effect will be more far-reaching than many anticipated. The raucous cry of the anarchist for the time being is hushed and the timorous seditionist has turned him back to the side of safety and of right and justice.

The Memorial, whatever its form may be, will serve to impress upon the minds of the people the depth of the loyalty of their leaders and their high appreciation of the benefits of British rule. If it be an institution for the furtherance of scientific education, it is the people of this Presidency who will enjoy its advantages. If it be a hospital or a fund for the support and equipment of hospitals, it will be the people of this Presidency, who will profit by its establishment. But, as Sir Sassoon David, in his eminently practical speech, observed, it was not the business of Wednesday's meeting to decide upon the form the Memorial shall take. It was theirs but to appoint a committee and raise funds. How a creditable sum of money can be collected seems simple enough if Sir Sassoon's suggestion be adopted. He and the Nawab of Junagadh and the Maharaja of Bhownagar, set an example. But it is suggested that at least ten lakhs of rupees should be raised in a city containing a million people, a rupee per head of the population. Let each, who will, give his mite, but we should be far short of ten lakhs, unless the idea thrown out is acted upon and large employers of labour can be induced to contribute a rupee per head for each of their employes. Doubtless the working committee, when it is formed and begins work, will take steps to lay a scheme before the employers and will organise means for collecting smaller sums. But it is to be hoped that they will not suffer the grass to grow under their feet or the effects of the enthusiasm of Wednesday's meeting will expend themselves and we shall have no more to show in the way of tangible loyalty than we were able to produce at the time of the death of Queen Victoria. There is zeal enough in the honorary secretaries; there must be as much in the band of workers who will be associated with them in the collection of subscriptions, or the amounts paid in may fall considerably short of the amounts promised—a feature unfortunately of many kindred ventures in the East.

TURKEY AND EGYPT. THERE seems to be a danger of the Egyptian situation becoming complicated by uneasiness in Turkish and British relations. Reports relating to the future of Egypt and probably proceeding from agitators in that country, have become current in Turkey and have aroused some feeling of dissatisfaction in the public mind. Recently the Turkish Government approached the British Embassy at Constantinople with a request that an official statement regarding these reports, calculated definitely to reassure public opinion, should be issued by the British Government. A usually well-informed correspondent in Cairo writes that the British Ambassador, in reply, asked if it was the desire of Turkey to try to create "an Egyptian question," and somewhat nettled at this reception of its request, Turkey asked its Ambassador in London to approach Sir Edward Grey. Sir Edward Grey replied that in all probability the effect of the British Ambassador's words had been misjudged. He added that Britain had no objection in principle to such a statement as had been proposed, but at the present moment it would be impolitic. In view of the internal situation in Egypt, there would be a risk that it would be interpreted by the Nationalist leaders as a sign of weakness or hesitation on the part of Great Britain to take action, should the circumstances require it. He repeated his assurances as to the maintenance of the *status quo*, but could not at present give effect to the Porte's suggestion. In Cairo this seems to be regarded as only a preliminary movement in an attempt by Turkey to raise again the whole question of British Government in Egypt. The Turkish authorities in the Sinai Peninsula are said to be complaining to the Porte of the action of the Egytian authorities who, they allege, are distributing arms to the tribes and extending the zone of their fortifications. These suggestions are stated to be unfounded and therefore give colour to that view of the position. The situation requires delicate handling, but it only strengthens the need for a policy of unflinching firmness to be applied to Egyptian affairs. It would obviously be unfortunate to a degree were any action of Turkey or another Power allowed to encourage to the smallest extent to the programme of the Nationalist party.

SUGAR BEET IN ENGLAND. DIFFICULT as it is to rouse the conservative British farmer and get him to take an interest in anything new, the proposal to commence the cultivation of sugar beet in the United Kingdom is winning his approval. He received it with distrust at first, having in mind previous experiments of the same nature which, having been made under conditions entirely different from those which prevail to-day, had failed. Now he is rapidly beginning to be convinced of the soundness of the scheme, and soon Great Britain will no longer be the only modern country, which is making no effort to manufacture locally the sugar needed for its own consumption. That is the position, which she holds at present, although to foreign producers of sugar-beet acquainted with the suitability of British soil to the industry, her delay in taking steps to promote it has often given occasion for surprise. The other day we described how the advocacy of sugar-beet has been taken up by the Tariff Reform party in England. These further remarks are provoked by a paragraph in one of this week's mail papers which shows with what excellent chances of success the project is being launched in Kent. The farmers of the county have held two meetings in Tunbridge Wells, and at the second of these they decided unanimously that immediate steps should be taken to put the matter in hand. We can thoroughly understand that if the experiment justifies all the hopes of its backers, it will be a little god-send to both farmers and labourers of Kent, where under foreign competition the hop trade enjoys anything but the prosperous position of a few years ago. No doubt, other districts will in time follow this example. Seeing that Great Britain is per head the largest consumer of sugar in the world, it seems strange if out of the twenty millions of money, which she spends each year on foreign or colonial produce, she cannot find work for some of her own unemployed.

NILGHIRI POTATOES. THE Nilghiri potato is a familiar vegetable in Bombay, but there is generally a bigger demand for it than supply. However the recent visits to the potato fields of the Mycologist from the Coimbatore Agricultural Institue is taken as a sign that Government are anxious to improve the crop. Important as it already is to the ryot of the Nilghiri Hills, it is one of which a good deal more has to be made. There are thousands of acres there where excellent potatoes might be grown, and not only is there the constant European demand, especially at ports like Bombay and Colombo, where supplies for the shipping are always needed, but the ryots of the plain are beginning to appreciate the food qualities of this vegetable. Even now it is the ryots' most remunerative crop. He cannot grow paddy, sugarcane and such things as flourish in the warm climate of the plains nor will the crops of the temperate zone, wheat, barley and the like thrive, in his country. The main difficulties which are experienced in cultivating the potatoes are the damage by wild pig, porcupine and thieves and the difficulty of obtaining seed which is free from disease. To protect the crop from pig and porcupine, stone walls some four or five feet high and two feet thick have to be built. As a rule these will be found scattered all over the landscape, each small patch having its own wall, and the ryots might be saved a good deal of expense if they could be induced to co-operate in the building and repairing of a common wall for each village, or at least for a collection of fields. The necessity of building these walls, again, causes the cultivator to sow the same patch of ground year after year. This has lessened the strength of the crop and rendered it an easy prey to disease which in one form or another is the rule now rather than the exception. The Madras Government have lately distributed some tons of sound imported seed, but this will act as a temporary remedy only. It would probably be worth while to devote a farm to the cultivation of a sound local strain.

HIS EXCELLENCY Sir George Clarke left Bombay for Poona yesterday morning by the Poona Express. The Governor was accompanied by Mr. C. C. Watson, Private Secretary, and Captain Davis, A.-D.-C. On the platform at the Victoria Terminus were present General Swann, commanding Bombay Brigade, Mr. Sulleman Abdul Wahed, the Sheriff of Bombay Mr. S. M. Elwardes, the Commissioner of Police, and the Hon. A. Hill Trevor.

SURGEON-GENERAL LUKIS, Director-General of the Indian Medical Service is now visiting Kasauli and returns to Simla on Saturday.

MALIK TALIB MAHDI KHAN of Jhelum proceeds to Kabul as British Agent there in the beginning of next month.

MIR HAID ZAN, Hada Mullah's successor, is reported to have returned to his home, after having sought and obtained an interview with the Amir at Kabul.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the creation of a temporary appointment of Superintendent of Works for a new project of utilising the water of the Sutlej River in the Punjab and Bhawalpur State.

DURING the week ended June 14th, two chests of opium were removed from the warehouse at Bombay having been purchased by the farmer at Surat. No opium was imported during the week.

LORD KITCHENER will shortly select a Military Officer of high rank to take full charge of the defences of New Zealand. This is regarded as highly satisfactory, ensuring the inauguration of the new system on a sound basis.

HIS Highness the Maharaja of Khashmir has appointed Chowdhri Khushi Mohamad, Divisional and Settlement Officer and the Wazir of Ladakh, to the Governor of Kashmir vice Rai Bahadur Radha Kishen Kaul M. A., who has been appointed Judge of the High Court. Pandit Narindra Nath Kaul, M. A., Settlement Officer, has been appointed Secretary to the Chief Minister, Kashmir.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 27.

QUEEN MARY'S BIRTHDAY.

May 26, Queen Mary's birthday, a salute of forty-one guns will be fired at noon in St. James's Park. The Bishop of London, speaking yesterday at Queen's College Harley-street, said that he had the pleasure of showing Queen Mary privately something of the east side of London life. He could say that no one had more interest in all that made for the welfare of the poor than our new Queen. No one would bring such commonsense and influence to bear upon it and do everything she could for the general welfare. Our new king in everything he had said, had declared that he would be associated with "My dear wife," thus showing his appreciation of and confidence in her Majesty's tact and ability.

Delightful warm weather and sunshine has been our lot now for nearly a fortnight, the country looks beautiful and Bushey Park with its magnificent show of chestnut trees in full bloom was well worth the visit paid by the King and German Emperor on Chestnut Sunday.

THE QUEEN MOTHER.

Great consternation was felt throughout the country, when it was supposed that the Queen-mother would take up her residence in Denmark. We are glad that Her Gracious Majesty has settled the matter. In last night's "Court Circular" a contradiction is given to the report that Queen Alexandra intended to leave England and take up her residence in Denmark. Her Majesty states that she "will ever look upon England as her home."

THE ROYAL FUNERAL.

The King and Queen invited a few of their personal friends to witness the funeral on Friday last from the gardens of Marlborough House, among them being Lord Westmorland, who was chaperoning his niece Lady Irene Denison; Lady Geraldine Somerset, Lord Marcus Beresford, Lady Wenlock and Miss Irene Lawley, Lord and Lady Lamington, Mr. Luke White, who was wearing the uniform of the 11th Hussars, and his sisters Miss Lilah and Miss Lucia White, and Sir George Arthur. Nothing in the procession touched the spectators more than the presence of Cæsar, the late King's favourite wirehaired fox-terrier. The suggestion that he should join in the procession came from Queen Alexandra, who had become aware of the widespread public interest in the animal. The Queen-mother made the proposal to King George, who willingly fell in with it, and Queen Alexandra and Queen Mary, who are great lovers of dogs, were much pleased that a kindly thought was so much approved by the hundreds of thousands who saw King Edward's faithful companion follow Kildare, the King's charger. Both horse and dog were fondled by Queen Alexandra outside Westminster Hall before the journey to Paddington began. The dog was in charge of Maclean, the late King's gillie and gunloader, who wore the Stuart tartan. With her customary thoughtfulness the Queen-mother gave instructions before she entered the train at Paddington that Cæsar was to be driven back to the palace. He is now to be the special care of Queen Alexandra.

THE BRITISH CHARACTER.

What foreigners thinks of us will be gathered from the following:—"It is on such great national occasions that the true characteristics of the British nation reveal themselves most forcibly, solid commonsense, profound respect for all that is worthy of honour, order and a deep sense of what is the right thing to do and the proper way to behave. Over three million men were guided and kept in order on Saturday by some twenty thousand soldiers. This admirable English crowd with its reasoned discipline, its sorrow and obedience, has given a great and beautiful lesson to the world at large. The sad ceremonies which have taken place in England have once more revealed and intensely so the moral strength of the English. They are endowed with profoundly loyal, patriotic, and religious sentiments. Personally, I think, endurance must be added as one the Britisher's great characteristics. I have heard of many people, female as well as male, who travelled all night, great distances went at once on reaching London to a place considered suitable and stood for hours to see the Royal Procession and travelled all night again to reach their homes and work by the next day."

THE QUEEN OF SPAIN.

It is sad to think of the Queen of Spain weeping for her small son who was born dead. She however has two sturdy little sons and one daughter to comfort her. King Alfonso was in England at the time, but on hearing the sad news started at once for Madrid. Queen Victoria of Spain was born in Balmoral on October 24, 1887. The first Royal child born north of the Tweed for three hundred years.

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM.

Everybody—almost—can whistle the National Anthem, and there is only the deaf man who cannot recognise the tune. But what about the words? Is there a man in England who can sing the National Anthem straight through? Words and all! Our national custom is to stand up and struggle into our coats and keep our hats off until the first two lines are over. But the tune that has gone round the world has no definite words to it, and men stand up and hum the tune, being German, French, and of many other nations. They like the tune in America, where the words begin "My country, 'tis of thee." The words of the National Anthem are generally supposed to have been written by Henry Carey. But according to one account "God save the King" is really of French orgin. It is said that the song was sung in honour of Louis Quatorze at the convent of St. Cyr. Here is the hymn in its French form:—

Grand Dieu- Sauvez le Roi!
Grand Dieu- Sauvez le Roi!
Sauvez le Roi!
Que toujours glorieux,
Louis victorieux,
Voye ses ennemis
Toujours soummis!

Carey, it is contented afterwards translated these words into English, and adapted them for use in this country.

FASHIONS.

Mourning has made fashions almost come to a stand still. As it is only to be worn for six weeks, people will wait for half mourning, which begins June 17th for any change. One or two pretty black skirts made of light material, I have seen gathered a little below the knee and finished with a couple of frills look very well on a slight figure. I see that the King in consideration of the tradesmen and the summer trade has shortened half-mourning which now ends June 30. It is expected that when the time arrives for wearing footgear other than black, white stockings will be fashionable, for there is a reaction in their favour in Paris now. White open-work hosiery, with black patent leather shoes, is the choice of the well-dressed woman there, and the only colour in much request is reseda green, with black shoes. To the shoes in some cases, when a black dress is put on, are permitted scarlet heels. But that is in Paris; in London the all black shoes, black even to the little rosette ornament, and black stockings are seen. Though the mourning evening robe has long sleeves, and the day dress also is furnished with them, it is reasonable to surmise that for coolness sake the under-sleeves will be made of thin black chiffon. But even with long sleeves long gloves are to be worn. The short three-buttoned pattern is discarded for the more decorative long one, which with a dolman dress looks so graceful, and with any of the little sleeveless wraps.

ANGLO-AMERICAN MARRIAGE.

The marriage of Lord Maidstone and Miss Margaretta Drexel will take place on June 8 at St. Margaret's, Westminster, when the Bishop of London will perform the marriage ceremony. The bride is to wear a gown of soft satin with a train of gold brocade, and it is interesting to note that the lace and veil she will wear on this occasion was worn by her mother, her grand-mother, and her grand-aunt. Miss Drexel will be attended by ten bridesmaids, among whom will be Lady Gladys, Finch-Hatton, the sister of the bridegroom; two cousins, who are coming over from America; Miss Mildred Carter, who will herself be married on June 21st to Lord Acheson; Miss Helen Post, who is to be married three days later to Mr. Montagu Eliot: Lady Violet Manners, Miss Rhoda Astley, Miss Sybil Fellowes, Miss Combe, and Miss Wayne. They are to wear picturesque dresses of white crepe, with veils and wreaths of Marguerite daisies. After the ceremony Mrs. Drexel will hold a reception at 22, Grosvenor-square, and the honey-moon is to be passed on the Continent. Both bride and bridegroom have received many beautiful presents. The bride's father has given her a diamond tiara and one of the fashionable medallions of diamonds, attached to a jewelled chain, as well as a motor-car, and Mrs. Drexel's gift to her daughter is a rope of pearls.

THE WOMAN SMOKER.

The woman smoker is not as might be imagined a product of our decadent civilisation. She flourished in the seventeenth century. "Tobacco is very much used in England," writes a garrulous French author who visited these shores at that period. "The very women take it abundance, particularly in the Western counties" he remarks.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

HYPOCRITES AND SINNERS, by Violet Tweedale (John Long).—Is an interesting novel with good plot and many interesting people are introduced, also a fair amount of Socialism. Mr. Gladsmir is a Nonconformist Minister, who has forsaken religion for politics and piety and faith for personal ambition; a man who shows his belief in Socialism, by refusing to kiss a servant and allowing his ailing wife to do the house work. His daughter Harmony goes as companion to Captain Challoner's daughter, where she has anything but a pleasant time. Her love affairs are very interesting. There is also a murder to thrill one. A book well worth reading.

LEPER AND MILLIONAIRE, by Mabel Chan Toon (Greening)—A painful and somewhat sensational story. A young Burman, whose mother was a leper, finds himself on his father's death a multi-millionaire. Under the tutelage of a Captain Saunders of somewhat shady character, the young Burman comes to England and in time becomes the pet of Society. It is to Captain Saunder's interest that the young Millionaire should remain single and he has a good deal of trouble with two or three ladies. However he marries and afterwards learns the tragic story of his birth and that in all probability he is doomed to leprosy.

SIMON THE JESTER, by William Locke—(Lane).—Every one who enjoyed "The Morals of Marcus Ordeyne" or "The Beloved Vagabond" will be delighted to read a new novel by Mr. Locke. The hero in this book is Simon de Gex, late M. P., who is doomed to die within six months, of some internal malady. Simon, therefore, wants to do all the good he can in this short six months. His Secretary Dale Kynnersley has fallen head over ears in love with some person called Lola Brandt to whom his people object strongly. So here is an opportunity to set things right. He goes to see Miss Lola and finds her in a nice flat, living very comfortably, and promptly falls in love with the lady himself. Here complications begin which grow thicker as we proceed, for Miss Lola Brandt has to confess to a disreputable husband, who is "knocking around somewhere." Also Simon de Gex was engaged to a charming lady called Eleanor Faversham before the doctor discovered his sad malady when, of course, his engagement was broken off. Mr. Locke is equal to the occasion and has written such a delightful story on these subjects that it holds the reader enthralled to the very last page. Needless to say, it ends up happily, and we find Simon da Gex and his life's companion hard at work, doing good in the East-end of London.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

From the 10th June the date of Mr A F H Comber's retirement, and pending the arrival of his successor, the Collector of Ratnagiri should perform the duties of the Officer in charge of His Highness the ex-King Thebaw in addition to his own duties.

Mr W P Cowie, I C S, Assistant Collector in the district of Ahmednagar, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr Raymond Barker to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police in Sind during the absence on leave of Mr Muhammad Daud Shaikh Ismail or pending further orders.

Mr B A Dubois to be Probationary Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bijapur.

Mr. G. S. Hardy, I.C.S., Magistrate, First Class, Ratnagiri, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate of the Southern Sub-Division of Ratnagiri District.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate, II Division, Dharwar, vice Mr. G. Hardy, I.C. S., transferred to Ratnagiri District, which effect from 2nd June.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate, First Class, to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate, I Division, Dharwar, vice Mr. A. R. Dalal, I. C. S., from 2nd June.

The following promotions are ordered in the Engineer Establishment with effect from the 5th June:—Mr. W. L. Strange, M. Inst. C.E, from Superintending Engineer, Class I, substantive "pro tem," to Superintending Engineer, Class I.; Mr. P. J. Fitz-Gibbon, M. Inst. C. E, from Superintending Engineer, Class I, temporary, to Superintending Engineer, Class I, substantive "pro tem."; Mr. H.H. Beale, M. Inst. C.E., from Superintending Engineer, Class II, temporary, to Superintending Engineer, Class II.; Mr. F. L. Sprott, from Superintending Engineer, Class III, temporary (Supernumerary) to Superintending Engineer, Class III.; Mr. Ali Akbar, M, Inst. C. E., from Superintending Engineer, Class III, temporary, to Superintending Engineer, Class III, substantive "pro tem."

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending June 14th was 585, giving a death-rate of 31·10 per annum per thousand as against 25·68 the corresponding period of last year, and 37·05 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 46 died from fevers; 72, plague; 14, small-pox; 2, measles; 1, cholera; 1, leprosy; 49, phthisis; 33, diseases of the nervous system; 144, affections of the respiratory organs; 38, diarrhœa; 13, dysentery; 28, still-born; 91, old-age and debility; 16, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 24; Brahmin, 11; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other caste, 282; Hindu low caste, 44; Mussalman, 151; Parsee, 30; Jew 3; Native Christian, 25; Eurasian, 3; European, 6. The total number of births was 349 as against 325 in the corresponding period of last year, and 335 the average over the past five years.

POLITICAL CONFERENCE.

MR. ASQUITH AND MR. BALFOUR CONSULT.

Satisfactory Progress.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 15.

The *Morning Post* states that Mr. Balfour, Lord Lansdowne, Lord Cawdor, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Mr. Asquith, Lord Crewe, Lord Loreburn and Mr. Lloyd-George are likely to participate in the Constitutional Conference.

Mr. Dillon, speaking at Dublin, said the crisis was in no way ended. The Nationalists were as free as ever to take any action which they thought fit.

LATER.

Mr. Asquith presided at a full meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon. It is understood that it considered some details regarding the Conference.

Afterwards Mr. Asquith and Mr. Balfour had a consultation with regard to procedure.

The *Westminster Gazette* believes that progress is quite satisfactory.

It has transpired that a Committee is assisting Mr. Asquith in his communications with Mr. Balfour. Lord Lansdowne was present at to-day's meeting between them.

At question time, Mr. Asquith said it would be useless for the Government to enter on a Conference unless they could rely, as he believed they could, upon the confidence of their supporters.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The meeting of advanced Radicals under the presidency of Sir Charles Dilke, passed a resolution expressing grave misgivings with regard to the Conference, but decided to postpone action pending developments.

TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Revision of Pay.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

In reply to Sir H. Seymour King, who asked why the administrative grades of the Telegraph Department received from the 1st of April only increases granted to the executive grades from the 19th of December, and suggested that the former should receive the increase as from the 19th of December.

Mr. Montagu said the revision of pay of the administrative grades was dependent on the reorganisation of the Department, which took time. Lord Morley saw no reason to interfere.

CEYLON REFORMS.

Deputation Refused Audience.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

Lord Crewe has refused to receive the Ceylon deputation, on the ground that its desires are incompatible with the fundamental principle of reform by which the Government intends to give the greatest possible number of educated persons in Ceylon a voice in the selection of the Legislative Council.

THE REGENCY BILL.

Queen Mary Nominated.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

Mr. Asquith to-day introduced the Regency Bill, providing that Queen Mary shall be Regent during the minority of the Heir-Apparent in the event of the previous death of King George.

THE ASCOT GOLD CUP.

Result of the Race.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The race for the Ascot Gold Cup was run this afternoon with the following result :—

Bayardo	1
Seasick II	2
Bachelor's Double	3

Thirteen ran. The race was won by four lengths with a head between second and third. Betting at the start was :—

7 to 4 against Bayardo.
6 to 1 against Seasick II.
7 to 1 against Bachelor's Double.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

Warwickshire has beaten Gloucester, at Gloucester by 110 runs.

Kent has beaten Sussex at Tonbridge, by 164 runs.

Surrey has beaten Worcester at the Oval, by 55 runs.

Cambridge University has beaten Yorks at Cambridge, by nine wickets.

Lancashire has beaten Hampshire at Manchester, by 176 runs.

Notts has beaten Leicester at Nottingham, by eight wickets.

Major Farmer, Civil Veterinary Department, has been promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel.

The services of Mr. P. C. Mole, Examiner of Accounts, will be lent to the Madras and Southern Maharatta Railway, and he will be appointed Auditor and relieve Mr. Ogden who will proceed home in the autumn.

FOREIGN OFFICE INDICTED.

General Discussion in the House.

BRITISH ATTITUDE TOWARDS CRETE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JUNE 15.

Britain has proposed, in order to enforce recent Notes to Crete, that each Power should despatch an additional warship.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Lloyd asked Sir Edward Grey to reply to Austrian and German misrepresentations of the British attitude with regard to Crete.

Mr. Kettle and Mr. Dalziel denounced Sir Edward Grey's approval of Mr. Roosevelt's speech, as betraying Liberal promises to Egypt.

Sir Edward Grey declared that it was less possible than ever for the Powers to sanction the annexation of Crete by Greece. The Powers were determined to prevent changes detrimental to the suzerainty of Turkey and the rights of the Mussulmans. He declared that the allegations of the Austrian and German Press that Britain was pro-Greek, were unfounded. Her attitude towards Greece was perfectly correct.

With regard to Egypt, he denied that the question would not have been raised but for Mr. Roosevelt's speech. Sir Edward expected that it would have been raised before the Spring recess, and he would then have made a speech similar to that on Monday.

Mr. Arbuthnot complained of the tendency of the Government to support Russian and Japanese interests in China, rather than British commercial interests.

Sir Edward replied that in face of the Anglo-Russian Agreement of 1897, it was only reasonable that Britain should maintain neutrality regarding the Chinchau-Aigun Railway, till China had discussed the matter with Russia, and the Japanese objections to the railway had been removed.

LATER.

Sir Edward Grey's statement with regard to Crete has given the liveliest satisfaction in Turkish official circles.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN SPAIN.

Further Action by King Alfonso.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

King Alfonso, in a speech at the opening of Parliament, stated that negotiations were proceeding with the Vatican with a view to closing the convents and monasteries which were not indispensable for Diocesan purposes. The speech announced bills for regularising the rights of Associations without attacking the spiritual independence of Orders.

THE KAISER INDISPOSED.

Consols Depressed.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The Kaiser is suffering from a discharge from the knee-joint apparently contracted from the first ride since his recovery from recent indisposition. His Majesty was unable to attend the manœuvres at Doeberitz to-day and has cancelled his journeys to Hanover and Hamburg. It is announced that this Kaiser's general health is in no way affected. The news of indisposition has depressed Consols.

THE LATE KING.

Hindu Condolence and Loyalty.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

Lord Morley has written to Mr. Gupta saying that Their Majesties deeply appreciate the Hindu resolutions of condolence and loyalty on the occasion of the death of King Edward.

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY'S MEDAL.

Awarded to Drummond of Bikanir.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The Royal Humane Society has conferred the silver medal on Drummond, the electrical engineer to the Maharaja of Bikanir, for saving lives from a well.

MINISTERIAL RESIGNATION.

Lord Wolverhampton's Ill-Health.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

Viscount Wolverhampton has resigned the Presidency of the Council owing to ill-health.

CHAMPIONSHIP BOXING.

Jeffries-Johnson Fight Stopped at San Francisco.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

The Governor of California has prohibited the Jefferies-Johnson fight at San Francisco.

The Jeffries-Johnson fight at San Francisco on July 4 seemed to be assured, despite the continued opposition from religious bodies. The promoters, according to a San Francisco correspondent, had started building a colossal arena capable of accommodating 50,000 persons in Central Park, San Francisco. The Governor of California had said that he would take no action to prevent the fight, but the Public Prosecutor of San Francisco must have asked him to do so. The Public Prosecutor of San Francisco was himself a pugilist twenty years ago. The coloured fighter is said to be in better condition than Jeffries, who seems to be overtrained.

CHINESE OPIUM TAX.

Report Officially Confirmed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 16.

Telegraphic report has been received from the Secretary of State on the opium situation in China, which confirms the report that the new tax has been imposed upon manufactured opium, both local and Indian, from the 7th June. The tax does not appear to have been extended to raw opium from India. The scale of the new tax is not also very clearly given and fresh and detailed reports have been requested from the India Office. It is unfortunate at the present moment that Sir John Jardine, British Minister at Peking, is on short leave and Mr. Max Muller is officiating. The latter, however, has sent in a long report to the British Foreign Office and he is moving into new situation created by the tax. The Government of India are greatly disturbed at the prospective fall of revenue, but the attitude of the Home Government has not yet transpired.

THE NEW TARIFF ACT.

Indian Tobacco likely to be Taxed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 16.

The Government of India are still awaiting replies from local Governments on the possibility of an excess duty on Indian tobacco preferably on manufactured articles. It is understood that several provincial Governors are strongly opposed to it, but much will depend upon the attitudes of the Madras and Burma Governments. Tobacco manufacturers are also alarmed at the prospect and it transpires that a well-known firm in the Madras Presidency have resolved in the event of an excise duty being decided upon to remove their tobacco manufacturing establishments to Pondicherry where they will be able to trade with the United Kingdom and South Africa free from the burden of an excise duty. They will also receive their consignments of Java leaves at Pondicherry and will not then be called upon to pay the import duty which they are at present paying. Possibly a small establishment in the Madras Presidency will be retained to meet their Indian demands.

PATIALA STATE.

Further New Appointments.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

The young Maharaja of Patiala has made several important changes in the internal administration of his State. Besides appointments which have already appeared in the press very recently, His Highness has made the following further postings :—

Sardar Bachittar Singh is appointed Inspector-General of Police; Sardar M. Narnarain Singh, son of the late Sardar Bahadur Gurmukh Singh, C. S. I., President of the Council of Regency, becomes Financial Commissioner; Sardar Sampuran Singh becomes Chamberlain; Sardar Ajit Singh, B. A., LL. B. is appointed Judge of the Chief Court; Sardar Ajit Singh was formerly Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police and was subsequently appointed, in view of his services, Legal Remembrancer from which post he is now promoted to the Bench. These appointments have given general satisfaction to the subjects of Patiala State.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Punjab Government Grant.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

The Punjab Government have made a grant of Rs. 5,000 to the Salvation Army for the establishment of an industrial settlement for Pukkhiwaras, a criminal tribe, at Kotmokhal in the Sialkot District.

PUNJAB MUNICIPAL BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

The Legislative Department of the Government of India has been addressed with reference to the Punjab Municipal Bill preparatory to its introduction in the local Council.

THE PLAGUE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry into Preventive Measures.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

The Plague Committee presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Meridith meets at Simla on the 16th. Altogether seventeen officials and forty-two non-official have been summoned to give evidence on plague preventive organisation.

LOADING FEES AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 16.

The Secretary, Calcutta Port Commissioners, has addressed a letter the Bangal Government praying to revoke the two Notifications, dated 1894 and 1898 by which the Commissioners guaranteed to load 250 tons a day and were entitled to buy despatch at the rate of Rs. 400 per diem when the guaranteed rate of loading was exceeded.

NANGLA DACOITY CASE.

Judgment Reserved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 16.

After protracted hearing of nine days the Nangla dacoity case ended to-day at the Special Tribunal. Judgment was reserved.

SEDITIOUS PAPER FORFEITED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SHILLONG, JUNE 16.

A pamphlet entitled "Social Conquest of the Hindu race" and the newspaper "Free Hindustan" for April 1910, and issues of the 10th September 1909, and the 10th October 1909 of "Bande Mataram", have been forfeited to His Majesty, by the E. B. and A. Government.

MASONRY AND THE LATE KING.

Grand Lodge of Sorrow.

One of the most solemn of memorial services was enacted on Tuesday evening by the Freemasons of Bombay in the Masonic Hall, Ravelin Street. Colonel H. R. Forman, the Grand Master of All-Scottish Freemasonry, presided, and in response to the notices sent out by Mr. Arthur Wise, the Grand Secretary, about 300 Freemasons were present, including Members of the Scottish and English Constitutions, the latter headed by Mr. C. B. Robinson, Deputy District Grand Master.

Among those present were:—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice F. C. O. Beaman, Khan Bahadur M. C. Murshan, C.I.E., Khan Bahadur D. B. Chichgar, Messrs. R. W. L. Danlop, W. C. Anderson, R. Woolcombe, P. R. Cadell, Colonel Dimmock and many others.

The service consisted of Masonic prayers and hymns, including "Abide with me" and "Nearer my God to Thee," which are considered the late King's favourite hymns. Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Jennings played the organ which was accompanied by several musicians of the Governor's Band.

THE REV. J. CAMERON'S ORATION.

While the procession of the two Grand Lodges entered Chopin's Funeral March was played. During the course of the ceremony the Rev. J. Cameron delivered the following oration :—

"Most Worshipful Grand Master and Brethren,—It is only when a King dies that we realize how great is the place which a Monarch fills in the thoughts of his people, and how strong is the influence that radiates from a throne. When a few weeks ago the news reached us that our King was dead, we felt, as the day wore on, more and more as men feel when the head of a family is suddenly stricken down. He was our King; the head of our nation. Our hopes were centred on him; his features were the most familiar of all. And, though we had perhaps not thought much about him in his lifetime, yet we quickly realised that he had filled a place in our lives which no one could ever fill again. A prince and a great man had fallen in Israel. And we are older and more thoughtful since. That helps to explain the great outburst of sorrow which has followed upon his death. For the King of this mighty Empire fills a place in the world's regard which no monarch has ever held before. The King of England, who is also, let us not forget, by hereditary right the King of Scotland, sits upon a throne, so high that he is beheld of more people than any other human being; and when, as now, he dies, the loss is felt in the remotest corners of the earth. Country after country has felt the shock, and even other nations that did not own his sway have honestly mourned his death. Until upon the recent day of solemn obsequies it seemed as if all the world was gathered round his tomb. But that would not of itself explain the greatness and the spontaneity of the sorrow which filled his own people's hearts as the time of King Edward's sickness and death. That would not explain why on the morning when the news spread the great City of London was suddenly transformed into a scene of mourning; nor could it explain the hush that fell upon us even here in India and which has touched our hearts to finer feelings ever since. What has moved us is just the character of the King himself. We feel as if we had lost a friend. For the King never forgot that he was a man. He was one of ourselves. He shared our hopes and feelings. He had no ambitions of his own to serve and without laying aside his dignity he condescended to his people in the way that the people love. And more than all besides he was courteous and kind. The King was a mason; and we are glad to think that he won his place in the esteem of the world by the very qualities which our craft tries to teach. He was not only charitable; he was practised in charity. Courtesy is a kingly virtue; and courtesy is a masonic virtue. It is, as a Persian prophet has said, the lord of all the virtues; and it was just in the exercise of the simple and lordly virtue that the King excelled. And now the King is dead. All too short a time he seems to have reigned; but already we can see that he was happy in the manner of his passing. "His sword was in its sheath, His hand was on his pen," right up to the end. And now that he has gone to be judged by the Great Architect above, shall we not say that while we sorrow for our loss we are grateful to the Most High for the name and the memory which our King and our Brother has left behind?"

COLONEL FORMAN'S ADDRESS.

After several prayers and hymns, Colonel R. H. Forman alluded to the active interest His late Majesty took in the Craft from the time he was initiated and while he was Grand Master of England, and then went on to say: "Brethren,—Scan the obituary notices in the newspapers of every shade of opinion, British and Foreign, and one prominent note is everywhere insistent—the broad-minded charity of His late Majesty, never forgetful of his Kingly dignity, mindful of the fact that he was the Head of the greatest nation the world has ever seen, Ruler of nearly five hundred millions, he might well have been excused, if, at times, he had been carried away by the regal splendour of his exalted position. But no! With a tact which was well nigh uncanny in its intuitional accuracy he never failed in giving expression to his sympathy with even the humblest of his subjects and his actions proved his words. He was our King, and as such, commanded our loyalty, but he was more. He was our Brother, and as such, he did not command, but he compelled our devotion and our love. As with his great mother, so was it with him. Victoria the Good and Edward the Peacemaker. Surely these be titles which transcend even Royal dignity in that they mark the world's appreciation of the merits of both mother and son, and though he might well have been autocratic his kindly nature forbade it. He could not have been harsh and unforgiving even if he had tried, it was not in his nature. It may be repetition, but it is deserving of repetition: up to the very last his brave soul struggled and despite the claims of physical distress he yet kept in mind the masonic teachings and continued to work while it was yet day. Alas! for those who were nearest and dearest to him; alas! for his loyal people; alas! for the whole civilized world. The night came and he can work no longer. God's will be done! Great son of a great mother, loving husband and father, perfect knight "sans peuer, sans reproche," King and Emperor, in name, though father of your sorrowing people, in fact, Royal and Most Worshipped Brother, take your well-earned rest. Gone you are from amongst us, but your memory will never fade; and as in history your name will go down wreathed with the sublime title of the "Peacemaker" so may it prove an earnest of that reward which we, your Brethren, in all reverence, believe shall be yours that Peace of God which passeth all understanding. One word more, Brethren, before I close. What of her, who is left behind? What of that sweet and gracious lady who for all these years was the devoted wife of our lamented King and Brother? Queen she was and Queen she will ever be in the heart of every man who owes allegiance to the British Crown. In her sorrow I am reminded of the beautiful words of a well-known American poetess :

The day will dawn when one of us shall hearken
In vain to hear a voice that has grown dumb,
And morns will fade, noons pale, and shadows darken,
While sad eyes watch for feet that never come.

One of us two must sometime face existence
Alone, with memories that but sharpen pain,
And then sweet days shall shine back in the distance
Like dreams of summer dawns in night of rain.

One of us two, with tortured heart half-broken,
Shall read long-treasured letters through salt tears;
Shall kiss with anguished lips each cherished token
That speaks of these love-crowned delicious years.

One of us two shall find all light, all beauty,
All joy on earth, a tale forever done;
Shall know henceforth that life means only duty,
O God! O God! have pity on that one!

All of you no doubt, read Queen Alexandra's letter to her people after King Edward's death. I did, and I am not ashamed to own it that the printing was blurred before I read to the end. It was no state document carefully edited for popular consumption. The touching simplicity in its composition showed that. When I read it I forgot the Queen and could only picture the widowed woman in her pitiful loneliness, as bowed down with grief she stretched out her shaking hands in despairing and pathetic appeal for sympathy. God knows she has it in fullest measure. Long years ago the chivalry of England's manhood went forth to the Viking's daughter and since then her own blameless life is the measure of our loyalty and devotion. In the busy throng of London, on the heat-scorched plains of India, from the lonely veldt of South Africa to the ice bound frontiers of Canada, in far-off Australia and New Zealand, in every place and China where floats the British flag, the sons of the Empire unite in loving sympathy with England's widowed Queen. "Pray for me my people," is her bitter cry. From Church and Mosque and Temple the answer came with no uncertain note and the burden of that prayer has been the echo of the poet's words, "O God, O God, have pity on that one."

The "Last Post" was then played, followed by the "Dead March in Saul" during which all stood in solemn silence and finally passed out of the Hall in procession.

In the centre of the Temple a bust of His late Majesty was placed on a pedestal draped in black, and purple, and at the foot of the pedestal a huge wreath, the whole being surrounded by six candles.

The furniture and walls of the Hall were also draped in black and purple and the Lodges' banners were furled and covered with crape. The whole service was most solemn and impressive and before Grand Lodge was closed a vote of loyal sympathy was passed to be conveyed to King George V, the Queen-Mother and the rest of the Royal Family.

BURMA KHEDDAH CASES.

The Charges against Mr. Dalrymple Clark.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 16.

Before the Chief Judge and a special jury to-day, the hearing commenced of the first of charges against Mr. Dalrymple Clark. This is the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 8,500 paid to him as Superintendent of Government Kheddahs by Messrs. Steel Brothers as price for the two elephants "Maud" and "Thomson." Mr. Radford Young, Government Advocate, appearing with Mr. G. B. Dawson, opened the case for the Crown; and addressed the jury for one hour. Particulars of this charge have already been published.

The Government Advocate, in outlining the transactions in connection with the elephants, "Thompson" and "Maud," spoke of (1) their sale for Rs. 8,500 to Messrs. Steel Bros. through the latter's Forest Department Manager who was at the time at Katha, (2) delivery to Messrs. Steel at Sinbu and subsequent identification of both the animals on several occasions by the Keddah-mauths, (3) sales of these animals were not showing in Mr. Clark's returns during 1934, (5) accused's arrangement with Messrs. Steel for private payment by draft on the Calcutta Bank, (6) simultaneous cashing of the draft paying the full sum to Messrs. Green and Co., elephant brokers, (7) "Maud" was shown as bolted to jungles in May 1905 and "Thompson" as being died in May 1906; both the animals are still in Messrs. Steel's possession.

Three new points were mentioned in the address. First was the document containing Mr. Clark's endersement under Messrs. Steel's letter enclosing a draft to Mr. Newton, then Assistant Superintendent, Keddah. The endorsement said the transaction was not passing through the books as Mr. Clark was arranging for the replacement of elephants. The second and fresh point was in connection with Mr. Clark's dealings with Messrs. Green and Co. Government has been at great pains in the magistrial enquiry to establish the identity of Mr. Clark with Messrs. Green and Co., elephant dealers, through whom the purchase and sale of Keddah elephants were transacted. The evidence of Messrs. Green and Ring, both tea planters of Assam, will be mainly directed to prove this. In 1906, when he went on leave, Mr. Clark is said to have published his connection with Messrs. Green and Co., openly stating he was proprietor though previously he concealed the fact. Third, another new matter was the local Government Order in February 1903 prohibiting the disposal of any elephants without the Lieutenant-Governor's sanction.

Evidence was recorded of Mr. P.E. Plunkett, Assistant Superintedent, Koddah, who spoke to identification of animals before and during magisterial enquiry by the mahout. Mr. Gravely, Under Secretary to Government, gave evidence as to elephant's returns. His examination will be resumed to-morrow.

WEEKLY PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 16.

During the week ending 11th June, the total mortality from plague was 3,953 against 4984 seizures. Bombay Presidency had 180 deaths, Madras 12, Bengal 34, the United Provinces 133, the Punjab 3,058, Burma 134, Central Provinces 1, Mysore 14, Hyderabad 9 and Rajputana 388.

BRINGING FALSE CHARGE.

Accused Attempts to Shoot Complainant.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JUNE 16.

Recently J. E. Christopher charged C. J. Perry for bringing a false charge for possession of revolvers without a license and the case is still under enquiry. Last night Perry entered Christopher's house and attempted to shoot him, but missed and he sent up a charge of attempted murder.

BEHAR MOSLEM LEAGUE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 16.

Consequent upon the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Ali Imam, a meeting of the Behar Provincial Moslem League was held to elect a President. The Hon'bles Mazharul Huq and Nawab Surfaraz Hossein were candidates. The tension of feeling against both ran very high, and neither of them were elected. The members elected Nawab Syed Altaf Hossein, of Patna, as president, who is regarded as a trustworthy representative of the Mahomedans in Bangal.

ANGLO-AFGHAN BORDER COMMISSION.

The Amir's Interest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 16.

His Majesty the Amir, who is at present at Kabul, appears to be taking a keen interest in the proceedings of the Anglo-Afghan Border Disputes Commission. He has given instructions to the Governor of Khost, to lay a special dak from Kharlachi to Kabul, in order that he may receive daily reports of the Commission's doings.

DACOITIES FREQUENT IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 16.

Cases of daring dacoities are reported almost every day from Alipore, Hughli and Howrah districts. The latest case comes from Behala, only four miles from the seat of the Bengal Government.

BOMBAY CRICKET SEASON.

The cricket season 1910 will be of very great interest all over India and the form of cricketers will be closely scrutinised as the Indian XI go to England in 1911 to play the leading counties. No doubt some of the men will be chosen on their cricket reputations and several names which cannot be omitted will at once occur to those who follow the game, but many of the younger generation are coming on and we have good evidence of this in Bombay Cricket. The eleven will represent the whole of India and be recruited from all the various communities, and no doubt one of the greatest difficulties will be to find a Captain. Possibly the Triangular matches have brought together the strongest elevens and, it will be at once admitted that a combination of the Parsees and Hindoos who took part in these matches would put up a good fight with the best of sides in England or elsewhere. We can look forward confidently that the results of matches will astonish the majority of cricketers in England who are completely unaware how players have improved, that there are really good cricketers in the East and that the standard of play is equal to that in England. In selecting the eleven there is one great fact which must not be overlooked, and that is the ability to stand the strain of continuous cricket in a strange climate uncertain weather, and long days in the outfield, with the disheartening feeling of having to stay there. In their own country the cricketers from whom the eleven will be chosen, have very seldom played in a tour extending over a week, even this is found trying, and is particularly noticeable in the Triangular matches, necessitating at least one or two days' interval to rest between the fixtures, and it is doubtful if one of the sides which had taken part in two of these matches would be willing to play a third game the following week. During the tour in England, there won't be much rest, the men must necessarily be either playing matches practising or travelling long journeys practically every day of the season.

Some friendly matches may be arranged which will bring relief from the more serious fixtures, although the Indian XI are not likely to meet what the "Daily Mail" describes as a fair average team :—

Three gentlemen (who were not players).
Three players (who were not gentlemen).
An Admiral.
A Major (of Venetian Cavalry).
Another.
A boy (picked up on the field).
One short.

Of course, here, there is not any recognised distinction between players. It would be a deadly insult to the greater number of those who take part in our games, to talk about gentlemen who are not players and players who not gentlemen. The prospects of players for the Triangular Contest have already been discussed to some extent and the possibility of Napier assisting the Presidency was considered very remote. There is, however, every probability that the services of the fine bowler will be available. J. T. Turner is on six months' leave, but his brother, Captain W. M. Turner is now stationed at Karachi. At present, however, we are more concerned with the local talent available for Club Matches. Mr. Sprots, or in his absence Lieutenant F. R. R. Brooke, will captain the Gymkhana. The latter is not so well known to Bombay cricketers as he was absent in Cashmere during a part of last season. In addition to being a first class bat, he is also a very smart wicket-keeper. Of those who contributed last year to the very successful season. There are still available, Sprots, Brookes, Coombs, Stileman, Christie, Phillips, Vines, Baker, Hearsen and Hurlbatt, Milne and Powell will be very much missed, and that promising bat, E. C. Reid has gone home. Raikes and Jardine we can only expect to see in the Byculla Club Match. Of the newcomers Mr. B. E. Purcell is probably the best all round man, and although he did not get many wickets on Saturday, his bowling was never easy and required watching. He was not given a chance of batting. He has, however, scored freely in other years when playing for Ahmednagar against the Gymkhana. F. F. Stileman, a younger brother of the bowler, has a nice free style and puts force behind his strokes. It will be an advantage to the eleven to have a left-hander, as probably he will be the only one. There was not so much variety in K. H. McCormack's play, he batted well however and made runs. G. E. D. Langley with twenty-five, not out, certainly did not deserve so many; his style consisting of a long reach forward, while his strokes gave rather the idea of lofting a ball out of a bunker. C. M. Pearson, who formerly played for Cambridge Town, is a fast right hand bowler and may be of some service, but does not seem to be in the same class as Milne. E. M. F. Nicholson, whose father was for some years one of the mainstays of the Gymkhana eleven, also bowled well, and as bowlers are very badly needed, may find a place in the eleven. A few others were tried and several practice at the nets, but, so far a Napier has not been found. The wicket on Saturday may briefly be described as a muddy patch, bowlers complained that they could not hit the wicket—a fact which is evident as only two out of the fourteen men out, were bowled. Batsmen suggested as a reason for their downfall, the impossibility of making runs, another fact, which however, did not apply to everyone, as Brookes, Phillips, Stileman, McCormack, and Langley demonstrated, some of them with considerable vigour, others without Saturday's cricket could hardly be taken as a fair test to either batsmen or bowlers. Those who got runs said the wicket was easy; bowlers who were successful probably did not find anything wrong with the pitch. The remarks, however, of the rest were equally convincing. While not discovering any especial talent (for Brookes played last season,) the newcomers, being still young should render a good account of themselves, and it remains to be seen how they will shape in Club matches.

The great difficulty the Gymkhana have to face is the lack of really good bowlers. Coombs and Stileman sometimes rise to the occasion, astonishing their friends and playing bravos with their opponents' wickets. Phillips is a fairly successful change bowler, while Baker, Christie and Hurlbatt bowl a bit, but what is required is a reliable bowler who can keep a good length and inspire fielders with a certain amount of confidence of the possibility at least of getting wickets. The sprints to a very long leg become fatiguing and monotonous, when watching, a series of full tosses to leg. Possibly the newcomers may supply what is so much needed, but, there is every prospect of several drawn matches, as the Gymkhana have a strong batting side. In these days good bowlers are scarce, and judging from the majority of those who come to the East, it is evident that most boys no longer learn to bowl, and while batsmen can be numbered by the legion, bowlers are few and far between. Golf is greatly responsible for the decline of cricket. It does not require pluck or self-sacrifice. The Golfer plays his own game and that is exactly what should not be tolerated in cricket especially in Bombay.

The Gymkhana fixtures provide for a tour, including Jamnagar, Rajkot and Kathiawar, matches to be played August 6th to 13th, this is followed by a two days' match August 19th and 21st against the Poona Gymkhana; August 27th Parsee Gymkhana, September 2nd and 3rd Poona Gymkhana, at Poona; Wednesday, September, 7th, Byculla Club; September 8th, Hindoo Gymkhana. This is a delightful programme, but there will be difficulties in finding men with so much spare time. Thirteen days' cricket commencing at 11-30 included in a month August 8th to September 8th during which there are only four holidays. On Saturday, September 10th, the Gymkhana play the G. I. P. and this is followed by a two days' match against Kathiawar on Monday and Tuesday, September 12th and 13th, both holidays. The first of the Triangular Matches is fixed for September 15th, 16th and 17th, the final, September 20th, 21st and 22nd.

Now while it is improbable that more than one or possibly two Gymkhana men will be chosen to represent the Presidency, a little consideration will show as once how impossible it will be to place representative elevens in the field for so many whole day matches. Men come out here to earn their living and cannot afford to spend half the days of a month in the cricket field in addition to a certain amount of time travelling. As a matter of fact it is difficult to get an eleven on the ground by 2-30 on Saturday afternoons, and the probable result will be elevens picked up from various places, certainly not a Gymkhana team, in the same manner that has happened on previous occasions. Very pleasant tours have been arranged in this way, starting from Bombay with five or six men, and gathering in the rest on the way. No doubt our energetic Municipal Commissioner would have arranged a mofussil match or two, as it is however, several Saturday afternoon matches have been abandoned while the touring fixtures, will probably, if not scratched, resolve into elevens including only a few Bombay men. Spectators, too, who look forward to watching a good match on their one afternoon off in the week will have to take their pleasure elsewhere.

The G. I. P. cricket team has abandoned the League and must have found some difficulty in arranging their fixture list, as so many Clubs are occupied in these matches. There has always been some doubt whether the League, from which Mr. Leslie hoped so much has been beneficial or otherwise to Bombay Cricket. More clubs have been brought forward, but the distribution of cricketers has somewhat lowered the standard of play. The Y. M. C. A. have fallen from their high estate in the cricketing world. This has been especially noticeable since their hockey and football successes. Unfortunately cricket and football clash and one must suffer. In former years the then young men were one of the strongest elevens in Bombay, and the final selections for the Presidency matches were made on the form shown in the Y. M. C. A. and Poona matches. The Government Dockyard C. C.'s descent has been more rapid still as only two years ago they were the proud holders of the League Shield. The B. B. and C.I. eleven, always a strong side, have been unable to secure a fixture with the Gymkhana. It will be interesting to see how they fare against the G. I. P. Grindlay Groom one of the most sporting elevens taking part in the League matches will probably have a tussle with the Telegraph for the Championship, unless the latter's cricket has suffered a similar deterioration as the form displayed in the football match against the Gloucestershire Regiment.

The Parsee, Hindoo, and Islam Gymkhanas have not yet discovered any new recruits of class. The whole topic of conversation is centred in the Indian eleven for England. Every native cricketer is naturally anxious to show his best form, and there is much practising at the nets. The Parsees expect to have the services of all their Mofussil players for the Triangular Contest and every effort will be made not only to win, but, to find out the claims of likely candidates for the Tour. The Hindoos, no doubt will do likewise. It is expected that H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala, who is reported to be a good bat, will visit Bombay during September and probably play in a few matches, including the Triangular one. We can only hope that rain will not interfere too much with what promises to be one of the most successful seasons, and one that should prove interesting from many causes, for in addition to the tour there will be a great effort on the part of both communities to wrest the Championship from the Europeans who won it in 1908.

X.

INDIAN TEAM FOR ENGLAND.

Final Decision Reached.

We are glad to be able to announce that the Indian Cricket Team Committee have definitely decided to send a representative Indian team to England in April next, and that an intimation to that effect has already been despatched to Mr. Lacey, Secretary of the M. C. C., who has been requested to arrange fixtures for the team. The final decision to send a team was arrived at only a couple of days ago, and the progress of the scheme might be judged from the fact that arrangements are being made for engaging passages to England.

THOROUGHLY REPRESENTATIVE TEAM.

The Committee hope to be able to get together a representative team. That it will be thoroughly representative of Indian cricket will be seen from the list of the probable players, which is given below :—K. M. Mistry, H. D. Kanga, the Maharaja of Patiala, Prince Hetty of Cooch Behar, Balu, Warden, Meherhomji and Mehta. All these leading cricketers have accepted the Committee's invitation to join the team. H. Mulla, S. M. Chothia, Pai, Talpade and D. Driver, have also replied to the Committee intimating their willingness to make a trip to England. Noorali of Cashmere is another probable, while Alighar, the stronghold of Mahomedan cricket, will supply a contingent of about three players. In the event of a contingency arising, Prince Lukhaji of Rajkote, the fastest bowler in India, and Prince Shivajirao of Baroda, who so creditably acquitted himself in the Triangular matches last season, will be invited.

WHO WILL SKIPPER THE TEAM?

H. H. the Jam Sahib has not yet sent in a reply, but the Committee have hopes of His Highness consenting to skipper the team at least in a few important matches. In the event of His Highness not being able to make the trip, either Dr. H. D. Kanga, or Mr. K. M. Mistry of Patiala will be asked to captain the side. Dr. Kanga is the more probable of the two, as during his stay of nearly three years in England, he has had ample experience of English cricket and has had opportunities of watching the leading exponents of the game at the wickets. After the Jam Sahib, Dr. M. E. Pavri, the veteran Parsi cricketer, would have been the most suitable man for the place; but he has probably seen his best days as a cricketer, and would not be able to stand the strain of a strenuous and extended tour in England.

CARNIVAL IN BOMBAY.

The team, which will leave Bombay for England in the second or third week of April, will have ample opportunities of practice before starting on the trip. A cricket carnival will take place in Bombay in November or December next, when a Ceylon team will most probably pay a visit to our city. "En passant," it might be mentioned that the Committee have decided that the team shall be exclusively composed of Indians, and that no outsiders, Ceylonese or others, shall be included in it. In September, besides the Presidency and Triangular fixtures, several matches will take place between the local gymkhanas and the Maharaja of Patiala's Eleven, which will pay a visit to our City at that time.

COACHING THE TEAM.

The team will be finally selected in October, after the Presidency and Triangular matches are over, and most of the players mentioned above will be included. The Committee have decided to engage a coach from England, who will specially come down to Bombay, and the team before starting will have the advantage of his expert advice. A well-known professional bowler of England will be engaged for this task.

"YOUNG BLOOD."

It will be seen from the list of the probables given below, that most of them are young men, none of them being on the wrong side of forty. The Committee have wisely recognised that to make selections on past regulations, and include the "once were," would be to court disaster. The selection of the Parsi and Hindu teams in recent years has been made on these lines and only a year ago no less than seven or eight young players were included in the Parsi representative Eleven.

THE MONETARY POSITION.

The monetary position of the project has been made perfectly safe, as about Rs. 53,900 have already been subscribed towards the Guarantee Fund. For this no small credit is due to Mr. J. M. Framjt Patell, the father of Indian cricket, who has been the moving spirit of the whole project. Mr. J. M. Divecha will accompany the team as Manager and Secretary, and it will be admitted that the task could not have been entrusted to abler hands. A general desire has been expressed that Mr. Patell should also accompany the team and pilot the team for at least a couple of months in the beginning. It is hoped Mr. Patell will consent to make the trip, for his unrivalled experience of the game and his acquaintance with leading representatives of English Cricket will be of immense advantage during the tour.

THE PROBABLE TEAM.

The following will most probably form the team :—

1 H. H. the Jam Saheb,
2 H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala,
3 Prince Hetty of Cooch Behar,
4 Dr. H. D. Kanga,
5 Mr. K. M. Mistry,
6 Mr. J. Warden,
7 Mr. R. P. Meherhomji,
8 Mr. H. Mulla,
9 Mr. P. Balu,
10 Mr. M. Pai,
11 Mr. M. Bulsara or Mr. A. H. Mehta,
12 Mr. W. Talpade,
13 Mr. Noorali of Cashmere,
and two or three men from Aligarh.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

The Water Engineer's Salary.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Hall, Dr. K. R. Dadachanji, the President, presiding.

LEAVE TO MEMBERS.

Mr. Jamshedji A. Wadia proposed that for the reasons explained in the following letter from Mr. E. M. Proes, the Corporation approved of the cause of absence. Mr. Proes in his letter stated :—"As I am proceeding to Europe on three months' leave for the benefit of my health I shall not be able to attend the meetings of the Corporation up to the end of July next. I, therefore, request the Corporation to approve of the cause of my absence under Section 17 (b) of the Municipal Act."

Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtula said that some definite procedure should be laid down with regard to members retaining thier seats on the Standing Committee when they went out of India. He remembered an instance when the Chairman of the Standing Committee had considered the member's seat vacated as soon as he left the shores of India and another member was appointed in his place though he had not resigned. Of course, in the present case, Mr. Proes being a Government nominee, the Corporation could not take any action in the matter.

Mr. J. B. Petit agreed with Mr. Ebrahim and remarked that members should not be allowed to retain their seats on the Standing Committee when they went out of India for three months or more.

Mr. Wadia's proposition was carried.

THE WATER ENGINEER'S SALARY.

Consideration was given to a letter from the Commissioner in which he stated:—"I have the honour to inform you that I have been demi-officially informed by the Secretary, Legislative Department, that there is no chance of the Municipal Act Amendment Bill being introduced at the next Legislative Council Meeting, and that it is unlikely to become law for at least six months. The arrangements for the working of the Water Department were intended to be purely temporary, and though Mr. Bhads has done his best to carry on the very arduous duties thrown upon him, I do not wish to prolong these temporary arrangements for any longer than is necessary. I understand that Mr. Trivess Smith's appointment was approved of practically unanimously by the Special Committee appointed by the Corporation, and that there is no doubt that this choice will be confirmed by the Corporation itself. I propose, therefore, if the Corporation have no objection, to write to Mr. Trivess Smith and inform him that I am willing to appoint him as Deputy Engineer, Water Works, on Rs. 1,200 per mensem until such time as the new post of Water Engineer can be legally filled under the amended Act and to ask him to join at once. If he is willing to do so, I should then write to Mr. Payne, the Acting Chairman, and Mr. MacCabe, the Engineer, of the Calcutta Corporation, asking them to let Mr. Trivess Smith join us as soon as possible. This acting period would not necessarily qualify for the first incremental increase to his salary. I should be glad if the matter could be placed before the Corporation at their meeting of 16th instant."

The Honourable Mr. Hill Trevor proposed that the Commissioner be informed that the Corporation had no objection to his appointing Mr. Trivess Smith to be Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works, on a salary of Rs. 1,200 per mensem, it being understood that when the Municipal Act would be amended the increments to Mr. Smith's salary would be fixed by the Corporation as recommended by the Committee.

Mr. Bandekar seconded the proposition.

Mr. Baptista raised a point of order. He submitted that it was not the function of the Corporation to make the appointment and the proposition was therefore out of order.

Dr. Sukhia also raised the same question. The Committee's report, he said, was not submitted and the increased salary was not sanctioned by legislation.

The President ruled the proposition "ultra vires."

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.

Consideration was given to a letter to the Corporation from the Honorary Secretary of the Bombay Sanitary Association.

"I have the honour to forward herewith under instruction from the Managing Committee a copy of the Resolution passed at the Meeting of the general body of the Bombay Sanitary Association held on 11th March 1910 for your consideration. The Association was started 7 years ago under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and its objects are amongst other things, (a) to create an educated public opinion with regard to the sanitary matters in general; (b) to diffuse the knowledge of sanitation and hygiene generally, and of the prevention of the spread of disease amongst all classes of people by means of lectures, leaflets and practical demonstrations, and, if possible, by holding classes and examinations; (c) to promote sanitary science by giving prizes, rewards or medals to those who may, by diligent application, add to our knowledge in sanitary science by original research or otherwise; (d) to arrange for homely talk or simple practical lectures for mothers and girls in the various localities provided the people in such localities or chawls give facilities. The institution has been doing very useful work amongst the ignorant and poor people especially by means of lectures, handbills, the daily visits made by male and female health visitors and the weekly homely talks on sanitation, personal hygiene, etc., amongst the people of chawls where labouring class live. The work which the Association has undertaken is supplementary to what the Municipality is doing. The Municipality is trying to improve the sanitary conditions of the City and if the people are ignorant of the advantages offered progress will be slow. This Association tries to explain to the people the benefits of sanction and we beg to suggest that the Corporation will recognise our work and be pleased to assist the Association with a donation of Rs. 1,500 towards obtaining an up-to-date library of sanitary works and collection of sanitary appliances and provide for an annual grant of Rs. 1,500 for the rent of rooms. This library will be open to members and students for classes and study. To gain an idea of the work done by the Association during the last year, I forward a copy of the last Annual Report."

Dr. Sir Bhalchandra moved that the letter be referred to the Commissioner for favour of report through the Standing Committee.

The Sanitary Association was doing very good work and it deserved every support and encouragement.

Dr. Dandekar seconded the proposition.

Mr. Mistri was opposed to such a donation being given. He remarked that no concrete results were shown of the working of the Association.

Dr. Master and Dr. Jahangir J. Curreiji related instances of the good work done by the Sanitary Association.

Mr. Wacha observed that sanitary science was a progressing one and the Bombay Sanitary Association was in a state of infancy like all new things it must go ahead step by step. He hoped in a few years it would give very useful results and do very valuable work.

Sir Bhalchandra's proposition was agreed to.

ADDRESS TO HIS MAJESTY.

Consideration was given to the report of the Committee of the Corporation appointed to draft an address of condolence to His Most Gracious Majesty King George V., Emperor of India, on the death of His Revered Majesty King Edward VII.

The Committee submitted the following Draft Address for the approval of the Corporation.

To His Most Gracious Majesty George the Fifth.

By the Grace of God, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

The Humble and Loyal Address of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay.

May it please Your Majesty.—We, the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, beg to approach Your Majesty with this humble Address of Condolence on the death of our revered and beloved Sovereign, the late King-Emperor.

Thirty-five years have elapsed since this City had the proud privilege of welcoming the great King-Emperor, Your Majesty's Royal Father, when as Prince of Wales he paid a visit to this ancient country in order to become personally acquainted with its people; and at this moment when the whole City of Bombay is plunged in sincere mourning for the loss, some small solace or afforded by the memory that this City was the first to welcome him upon his Royal Tour and the last to bid him humbly God-speed when he set said for his native land. At the hour of his departure the Municipal Corporation of this City expressed the hope that he would often in future years think kindly of the patient industrious and loyal people of India; and the sorrow of the people of Bombay to which we humbly give expression is rendered in no wise less bitter by the recollection that that hope was amply fulfilled and that India has been deprived by Providence of a Ruler and Father who never forgot, amid the stress of life, the ties of affection which bound the people of India to himself and to his family.

Fate has decreed that the reign of the late King-Emperor should be all too short. But brief though it has been, by comparison with the reign of the great Queen-Empress Victoria, the longest in history, it has been fruitful of incalculable good to the people of this country, who during the brief space of nine years have advanced upon the path of prosperity and have been granted a larger voice in the government of this great continent. These facts only serve to augment the sense of personal loss which the people of India experienced on learning of the demise of one whose prescient statesmanship and royal qualities of clemency and justice rendered him the greatest monarch of his time.

In the universal distress and grief into which the people of your vast dominions have been plunged by the melancholy intelligence of the King-Emperor's demise, all hearts have irresistibly turned to Your Majesty to whom they are bound by the strongest sentiments of loyalty and attachment, and we trust it will be some consolation to Your Majesty to know that there is no quarter of the British Empire, howsoever remote, where your loss is not shared by the millions whose good fortune it is to find shelter under your benign sway and that throughout your world-wide dominions all hearts are uplifted in prayer that God in His Mercy may vouchsafe to Your Majesty, to our Gracious Queen, to the Queen-Mother and to all the members of the Royal House strength to bear this heavy affliction.

In conclusion we beg respectfully to tender our most earnest assurance of devoted loyalty to Your Majesty's Throne and Person.

On the motion of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna the draft address was approved and adopted.

The Corporation adjourned t Thursday next.

ARTIFICIAL PEARL CULTURE.

Burma and Her Pearl Fisheries.

Pearl-fishing is one of those industries—if one can apply a word which has come to connote one of its least attractive sides of the work-a-day world to so picturesque and romantic a pursuit—which is carried on to-day precisely as it has been since the first oyster yielded its gem to some lucky prehistoric fisherman. The pearl-fisher of to-day works as did the pearl-fishers of Cleopatra's time. The only changes have been those brought about by the invention of modern diving apparatus. When naked divers descended, it was but to comparatively shallow depths that they were able to penetrate; and they gathered oysters, as they best could, groping about for a minute or two on the sea bottom. Moreover, even these descents were only possible in calm warm weather, and thus the fishing season was relatively short. The diving apparatus has changed all this. . . In the days of naked diving even beds in comparatively shallow waters were never entirely stripped of all their oysters; while those lying at any depth were untouched. There were thus always sufficient oysters left for breeding, and in spite of the wasteful method of securing the pearls—the killing of all the oysters to get the pearls from about 10 per cent. of them—oyster beds give from year to year a uniform yield. This is no longer the case. The beds in most parts of Australia, the waters off Thursday Island and Costa Rica, have all been seriously denuded. Pearl fishing in the East, except the fisheries of Ceylon and the Persian Gulf, where the local fisheries and conditions due to the nature of the oysters and other local influences are peculiar, is now practically in the hands of Japanese and Chinese, who in a few years satisfied with the small returns which the over-fished beds yield. In Australia and the Islands of the East Indies there is continual exploration for virgin beds and effort to so improve diving apparatus as to permit of descents to greater and greater depths. There is even talk of submarines for the work, in imitation of that built recently in France for sponge fishing in the Mediterranean off the the coast of Algiers. As a result of the wasteful fishing and the general conditions of the industry, as now carried on, both in the pearl fisheries of the sea and in connection with the fresh water pearl fisheries of the United States and elsewhere, experts declare that no large pearls will ever again come to market, except those in possession of Eastern princes, who may be tempted by extravagant prices to part with their heirloom.

OVER-FISHING.

Here in Burma the same story of over-fished beds has to be told. The formerly prolific pearl fishery in the Margui Archipelago has gone the way which all other have gone or are going. The fishers are not even Burmans or Indians, but Japanese and Philippines and during the fishing season just ended no less than five of these divers have met their deaths owing to the necessity of descending to great depths to secure the shell fish. It has been suggested that the pearlers go further afield from the already overworked localities. But with five out of fifty divers killed and many of the others either totally or partially paralysed or otherwise injured for a Government revenue of only R20,000, it would certainly seem that it is the duty of the authorities to lose no time in issuing such regulations as will reduce the appalling percentage of casualties. Under the circumstances a special interest attaches to the operations of the Burma Shell Company, which was incorporated two years ago, and which, at its second annual meeting, held on the 13th instant in this city, obtained an increase of its capital to carry through its plans and works on Qnoin Island, which promise so well for the resuscitation of Burma's pearl industry. This Company has as its object the production of pearls in oysters by artificial means. Everybody knows that the pearl is a morbid growth due to the introduction into the oyster shell of some irritant substance or animalcule. The Company have a secret process by which they can artificially irritate the mollusc. For the present they secure their supply of oysters by operating pearling vessels in the regular manner. Looking to the future and with the expectation of working up a very considerable business, and knowing the limitations of the Archipelago supplying a sufficient quantity of naturally grown oysters, the Directors hope eventually to breed and to propagate artificially such a supply as will meet all requirements. The Burma Government experts have not suggested that artificial breeding can be done, and indeed it never has been accomplished before with shellfish of this species. There seems to be, however, sufficient proof that the operations to be undertaken are possible. While ample proof as to the ability to produce pearls has recently been given, the very delicate further accomplishment of breeding and growing the oysters artificially has yet to be achieved. We believe, however, that this will be but a matter of patience, time, and money; and we think that the Government should now try to avail itself of the results of private enterprise and capital; and be guided by expert knowledge and skill, which point the way to what may easily become, with encouragement and a measure of protection, a most important and promising industry for this province.

SUGGESTIONS.

The Burma Shell Company hopes to grow oysters for its own needs in its pearl-producing operations. Why should it not be got to supply young oysters for re-stocking the depleted fishery; or, better, to sell them to natives who will plant them in private beds, and who will care for them and cultivate them until they have grown to maturity just as are edible oysters grown in Europe and at home? Then we shall have an industry in this province established along modern lines, which should, with time, grow and prosper, as against the present conditions of a dwindling fishery operated under disastrous conditions. We commend our suggestions to the Local Government:—"Rangoon Times," May 30th.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SCHOLARSHIP.

Punjab University's Selection

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

Professor Ram Chandra, M. A., of the Lahore Government College, has been selected by the Punjab University as the Government of India State Scholar to England.

The Admiralty has accepted the offer of Salisbury Island made to it by the Natal Government.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, JUNE 7.

The much-needed "Mirag" ushered in this morning between 2 and 3 o'clock by strong winds, a cloudy sky and a slight drizzle of rain. The day has kept comparatively cool with every indication of monsoonish weather, and, if local prognostications are to be relied on, our sun-dried skins are doomed to the other extreme of being refrigerated even to the extent of becoming snowballs.

Thirteen years ago, there passed away this date from our midst the finest educationist and a polished gentleman in the person of the late Dr. Peter Caprotti, D.D., Bishop of Hyderabad. This morning a Memorial Service was held at the Chudderghaut St. Joseph's Cathedral, which was heavily draped in black, with a catafalque placed in the nave. The Mass for the Dead was sung by the Vicar General, Father M. Civate, assisted by two priests and a staff of acolytes. The singing, rendered by the choir, conducted by Father Margari, the organist of St. Mary's Cathedral, Secunderabad, was excellent. By the way, it may be mentioned that the Bishop's See came to exist in St. Joseph's Cathedral only after the consecration of Dr. Caprotti in the early eighties, and it was right and fitting that the Memorial Service should have been held there.

For the two Sahibzadas who were born to H. H. the Nizam in 1907, twelve English nurses were employed on the household staff, the senior six receiving each as salary Rs. 600 monthly and the junior six, Rs. 300. As the princes are now about four year old, it has been found unnecessary to maintain such a large staff of English nurses in addition to the "Mahinas," and accordingly the six junior nurses have been dispensed with. With that consideration and generosity so characteristic of His Highness, the Nizam has been pleased to command that each of the retiring nurses be paid a bonus of Rs. 2,500.

A huge village or shepherd dog belonging to Nawab Nizamat Jung has been a familiar figure near about Ramboldi Koti. Of late he has been displaying temper and attacking wayfarers, but for some reason or other the Chudder Ghaut Municipality, which is barbarously rigid in poisoning stray dogs and others not wearing the badge of protection—the magical collar—did not pour the vials of its wrath on this animal. Only this morning two young English girls passing by were attacked by the dog, the elder of whom was bitten. It really behoves Nawab Nizamat Jung either to have the dog destroyed or kept chained or muzzled.

From the 1st proximo all owners of dogs kept within the Chudder Ghaut Residency Bazaars will have to pay an annual tax of one rupee per head. This is the ruling and it is to be hoped that Mr. A. H. Stevens, the typical Municipal Commissioner and Secretary, will endeavour to copy the example. In fact he could go on better by imposing a tax on cats which collectively are a greater nuisance than dogs, and which will certainly bring the Hyderabad Municipality to the forefront of righteous eminence.

A notification in the Railway Orders states that during October and November last year about, 13,000 pilgrims arrived in Bombay, and this sudden and heavy influx caused a rise in the rates of passage to Jeddah which reached the abnormally high figure of Rs. 70 and 75 for a single fare. The rush of these pilgrims was due in a great measure to the action of "Mutawifs" (Bengal Mahomedans) from Arabia, who, by spreading reports of cheap passages and various other methods, succeeded in persuading their co-religionists to perform the "Haj." The Mahomedan residents of the areas under the Resident's jurisdiction in Hyderabad are warned not to give credence to information circulated by irresponsible persons from the Hejaz, and they are advised to apply direct to the Protector of Pilgrims at Bombay for any information they may require. Intending pilgrims are urged to get vaccinated or revaccinated before leaving their homes for Bombay, as small-pox of a virulent epidemic form is frequently prevalent in the holy cities and other places in Arabia, and a year seldom passes without the disease being imported into India by pilgrims returning from the "Haj."

The insanitary condition of the Chudder Ghaut Residency market has been an old-standing complaint. On various reports reaching him, the First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Resident, placed himself in communication with Colonel Lumsden, the Residency Surgeon, and as a result of this, Captain Baboneau, the Assistant Surgeon-in-charge of the Residency Hospital, has been deputed to see to the cleanliness of the market. Accordingly, the latter gave the market a surprise visit last Sunday morning and found the stalls in a filthy condition. While Captain Baboneau was making his inspection, the Municipal peon "on duty" was cozily seated smoking his "bidi." Captain Baboneau called the peon, pointed out the defects of the market and gave the Municipal staff a good all-round waking up. This must have a salutary effect and hereafter we make sure that the sanitary condition will be improved. But there is another thing which requires immediate notice. Mutton, beef, fish and fowls, not to speak of vegetables, are exposed for sale at extraordinary prices while, as a matter of fact, the mutton and beef are of the worst possible sort. In the Secunderabad market the price-current is put up in prominent places for the information of the public. Why not a similar procedure be adopted in the Residency market and a responsible officer be appointed to supervise the quality of the articles exposed for sale and to insist on the rates quoted in the price-list being adhered to?

AHMEDABAD RIOT CASE.

Charges against Police Dismissed.

An Ahmedabad correspondent states that after a prolonged trial Mr. Sladen, the Collector, has given judgment in the complaint filed by the Nagars, with being concerned in the recent rioting, against the police.

Mr. Ross, Police Inspector, and two European Sergeants were discharged and complainant Balwantri was ordered to pay Rs. 25 to Inspector Ross as compensation.

Shirestadar Bhailal and Constable Ghhelaji were discharged, and the complainant, Shivprasad, was made to pay Rs. 40 to Bhailal as compensation. In the complaint brought by the police against the Nagars, nine of them were fined Rs. 40 to 50.

SHIKAR IN MYSORE.

Good Bags Reported.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JUNE 16.

Several parties have been out lately in Mysore jungle and have made some fair bags. Mr. Jeffreys from Coorg tried Mettikoppa forests for a fortnight and was lucky in getting four bull bison, two wild boar and two wild dogs. He came across several herd of bulls, but did not care to shoot them. One day, while tracking a solitary bull bison with a couple of Kurubas, they suddenly came on four bulls together, which charged the party en masse and Mr. Jeffreys waited till they came close and knocked over the largest with a shot from his 500, then taking up his second weapon, a 360, he badly wounded another. The remaining bulls which he wounded one retreated into the thick jungle and Jeffreys could not follow them up as a heavy shower of rain came down and washed out the tracks. Mr. Smeeth, Geological Department, did a fortnight's shoot up Biligiri, Rangam Hills. His bag consisted of a large rogue elephant and two solitary bull bison.

Mr. C. Theobald went for a week to Yelandar district to try for the famous man-eating tiger which was said to have been killed last year. When he arrived at the place the tiger had crossed the frontier into British forests. A few days earlier, Mr. Theobald got a panther and a bear.

MURDER BY A MAHOMEDAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 16.

A Mahomedan is reported to have killed his brother by poisoning in the Jandiala police station. The cause is alleged to be criminal intimacy with his wife. Accused has been committed to the Sessions.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

DWARKADASS' LIFE POLICY.

Barrister's Action.

On the Original side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod began the hearing of the suit filed by Vishvanath Parbhuram Vaidya, Barrister-at-Law, against the London and Lancashire Assurance Company and Mulraj Khatao, for a declaration that he had a charge or lien on the policy issued by the first defendant-company on the life of the late Dwarkadass Dharamsey in respect of Rs. 75,000 and that he was entitled to receive the moneys of the policy and the profits accrued due thereon and to appropriate the same in part payment of the sum of Rs. 75,000 and interest and for a declaration that the second defendant had not acquired any right, title or interest in or to the policy and the amount payable thereunder under the alleged assignment referred to in the plaint and that such assignment, if made, was not binding on the plaintiff and that the first defendant-company might be ordered to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 30,000 being the amount payable under the policy and all profits and other moneys accrued due thereon with interest and costs.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad and Mr. V. P. Vaidya, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishankar, Kanga and Ghirdharlal, appeared for the plaintiff; the Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, Acting Advocate General, and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructedby Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chhotubhai, appeared for the second defendant, Mulraji; the first defendant-company did not appear.

The plaintiff stated that about the end of 1904, Dwarkadass Dharamsey deposited with the plaintiff a policy of assurance on his life for Rs. 30,000, issued by the first defendant-company, together with another policy of assurance for Rs. 20,000, issued by the New York Insurance Company as and by way of security for moneys then owing by him to the plaintiff and for the liability of Rs. 50,000 then incurred by the plaintiff and which the plaintiff might thereafter incur on account and at the request and for the accommodation of Dwarkadass Dharamsey. The last occasion on which the plaintiff accommodated Dwarkadass was in the month of April 1909 when he, at the request of Dwarkadass and for his accommodation, endorsed in favour of the Indian Specie Bank, Limited, two promissory notes for Rs. 25,000 each and a hundi for Rs. 25,000 which had been made and drawn by the Lakhmidass Khimji Mills, and Dwarkadass received Rs. 75,000 thereon from the Indian Specie Bank. The two promissory notes and the hundi became due in the month of July last, but they were renewed at the request of Dwarkadass. Before the renewed notes and hundi became due in the month of September last, Dwarkadass in August last committed suicide and on his death the sum of Rs. 30,000 being the amount of the policy became due and payable by the first defendant-company. Soon after the death of Dwarkadass, the Specie Bank having called on the plaintiff for payment of the amounts of the notes and the hundi, the plaintiff gave security to the Bank for repayment to them of the sum of Rs. 75,000. The plaintiff gave notice of his claim on the policy to the first defendant-company and called upon them to furnish to the plaintiff the necessary papers for being filled in and submitted to the Company as a preliminary to payment. The Company replied that only a day previous to the death of Dwarkadass, the Company had received for registration a deed of assignment of the policy in favour of the second defendant and that they registered such assignment on the same day. The second defendant alleged that he was the bona fide assignee of the policy for valuable considerations by a deed of consignment, dated 11th August, 1909, and claimed payment of the money under the policy. The plaintiff submitted that the assignment of the policy, if any, was bad in law and was made in fraud of the plaintiff's rights and was void and inoperative and was not binding upon the plaintiff. Mr. R. D. Settna, as receiver of the estate of Dwarkadas, had given notice to the company not to pay the policy moneys to any one till he had inquired into the matter, but had since withdrawn the notice. He, therefore, prayed as above stated.

The second defendant, in his written statement said, that he was not aware of and did not admit any of the allegations in the plaint about the promissory notes and policies. He did not know on what date after the death of Dwarkadass the plaintiff gave notice of his claim to the defendant-company. He said that he truly alleged that he was the bona fide assignee of the life policy in suit for valuable consideration without notice under a deed of assignment and justly claimed payment of the payable under the policy. He denied that the assignments was bad in law or was made in fraud of the plaintiff's rights or was void or inoperative and not binding on the plaintiff. The defendant said that when the assignment was executed he had no notice or knowledge of any right or claim by the plaintiff under the policy. His solicitors had enquired for the policy and had asked that it should be handed over to them, but Dwarkadass assured them that it was lost or mislaid, which assurance the solicitors believed and accepted. He submitted that the deposit of the policy with the plaintiff, even if made under the circumstances in the plaint alleged, did not and could not transfer to the plaintiff any right to the moneys secured by the policy. He, therefore, submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

He also counter-claimed against the plaintiff and the first defendant for a declaration that he was a bona fide assignee for valuable consideration of the policy and as such was entitled to the moneys payable thereunder and that the same should be paid to him by the first defendant and the costs of this claim should be paid by the plaintiff.

The case is proceeding.

CLAIM FOR COTTON TRANSACTIONS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman heard the suit filed by Shapurji B. Bharucha against Shridham and Co., in which the plaintiff prayed for a decree for Rs. 31,587 with interest and costs. The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah and Mr. D. N. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Thakoredas and Co., appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. F. Sorabji Tallyarkhan and Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Malvi Hiralal and Ranchordass, appeared for the third defendant.

The plaintiff's case was that he employed the defendants to buy and sell cotton as brokers and merchants. The accounts of the dealings were made up from time and signed by the defendants in the book of the plaintiff. The sum now due amounted to Rs. 31,587.

The third defendant, Nagindas Lakhmidas, in his written statement said that at the time of the adjustment he was not a partner of the defendants' firm and that he was not liable for the same. He believed that the transactions sued upon were in the nature of wagering agreements and that the suit was time-barred.

The case is proceeding.

CASE UNDER ARMS ACT.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, their Lordships, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Yallappa Shiva, who was convicted under section 13 of the Indian Arms Act, by Mr. R. Anandrao, First Class Magistrate of Sampgaon, and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused, who was a blacksmith and resident of a village abounding in forests from which wild animals came out to fields and damage crops, was charged with going armed with an unlicensed gun for the shikar of wild animals.

On the evidence the accused was convicted and sentenced as above.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Mongolia," with the outward mails of the 10th instant, passed Suez at 2 a.m. on Thursday, the 16th idem.

WATSON'S HOTEL AND ANNEXE.

Application to Set Aside Sale.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar heard the notice of motion, dated the 11th May last, of Syed Sirdar Alikhan in the suit filed by Raja Bahadur Narsingirji Giangirji against him and Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patel, the second mortgagee of the Watson's Hotel and Annexe. The notice was to show cause why the auction sales of the Watson's Hotel and Annexe should not be set aside or Padshaw Begam's offer be accepted in the alternative.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, Acting Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji Dinshaw and Company, appeared for Sirdar in support of the notice; Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, appeared for the plaintiff to show cause; Mr. H. C. Koyajee, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Company, appeared for Haji Jackeria.

Mr. Jardine, in opening the arguments, said that the only point was that the sale was not a fair one. At the last hearing of the motion before Mr. Justice Batchelor, it was suggested that the defendant wanted to push through as he did not desire to come before his Lordship.

Mr. Talyarkhan said that the statement made by his learned friend was incorrect. What actually happened was that his client was served with a notice that this motion would be brought on for hearing at Mr. Justice Batchelor's bungalow. He wrote back that as his attorney, Mr. Dastoor, who had attended this matter all along, had been away, this motion should be kept back till he returned and he undertook not to complete the sale. The other side refused to do so and the motion came on for hearing in Court during the vacation when it was kept back as it was not an urgent matter.

Mr. Jardine then said that Padshaw Begum was prepared to offer ten lacs.

Mr. Justice Davar.—Supposing the mortgagee offers eleven lacs. He has nothing to lose, as his decree is for thirteen lacs.

His Lordship (to Mr. Talyarkhan).—Are you prepared to take ten lacs?

Mr. Talyarkhan.—I want time to consider the matter. My client is not here.

Mr. Justice Davar.—Mr. Jardine, are you prepared to pay cash?

Mr. Jardine.—Yes; we are prepared to pay under the auction rules.

Mr. Justice Davar hese remarked that apart from the question of setting aside the sale, there was no doubt that the hotels had realised a very small value, though through no fault of the plaintiff. His Lordship said that Padshaw Begum had filed a suit and the Sirdar was proceeding all along with litigation. For that reason no one came forward to bid.

Mr. Talyarkhan here intimated to the Court that his client would have no objection to a re-sale, provided a deposit was brought in Court. They had paid very large bills.

Mr. Justice Davar here remarked that his Lordship was willing to let this matter stand over to enable the parties to come to an arrangement.

After some discussion, the arguments were proceeded with, and Mr. Talyarkhan said that if Mr. Jardine's client agreed to pay all his expenses, then he had no objection to a re-sale being ordered where all could bid.

Mr. Koyaji said that he would prefer a second sale and take his chance once more.

At this stage, his Lordship decided to hear the motion on its merits.

Mr. Jardine, after reading the affidavits, said that the sale was not a fair one and remarked that it was hard to say that so many bidders were present when they never opened their mouths.

Mr. Justice Davar here told Mr. Jardine that he was prepared to assist the Sirdar if he came to an arrangement with the other parties.

Mr. Jardine then proposed that on the day his Lordship would deliver his judgment, his client would deposit Rs. 1,00,000 in Court as earnest money.

Mr. Talyarkhan said that in case Padshaw Begum did not offer more than ten lacs and if the property would be knocked down for more, then all the expenses ought to be deducted from the deposit of Rs. 1,00,000 as it was Padshaw Begum who wanted the sale to be reopened.

Mr. Jardine was not agreeable to this.

His Lordship said he would deliver judgment on Tuesday.

MURDER APPEAL DISMISSED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, their Lordships the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Hari Ravji, who was convicted of murder by Mr. H. L. Harvey, Sessions Judge of Sholapur, and sentenced to transportation for life.

It appeared that the accused, who is a Lonari by caste, suspected the relations between his wife Baya and one Bapu Laksahman, and on receiving information one day that Baya was seen the previous night in company with Bapu, he went home and beat his wife who, thereupon, ran away to her father's house. Two days later on the 20th January last the accused made up his mind to kill Bapu and accordingly he went at about midnight to a place outside the village where Bapu slept and taking up a heavy stone he threw it on the head of the sleeping man, crushing in his right temple and killing him instantaneously.

On the evidence before him, the Sessions Judge, disagreeing with the assessors, convicted the accused and sentenced him as above stated.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

QUESTION OF COURT'S DIGNITY.

Justice Davar's Strictures.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar resumed the hearing of the testamentary suit in which Bapuji N. Watchaghandy and another applied for the probate of the will of their aunt Jaiji; the caveat was filed by Sorabji A. Watchaghandy, the petitioners' cousin.

Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy and Company, appeared for the petitioners; Mr. H. C. Koyaji and Mr. D. F. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Shroff, Dinshaw and Dharamsey, appeared for the caveator.

On the hearing being resumed, Mr. Koyaji called Janardhan Bhikoba, head clerk in the Public Debt office, as a witness. Witness handed over a letter from Mr. Watson, Deputy Secretary, Bank of Bombay, to His Lordship, upon reading which His Lordship asked the witness to tell his master to show better manners in the future if he had to make any communication to the Court. His Lordship remarked that he ought not to write such informal letters dictating to the Court, but if he wished to make any statement he should appear personally before the Court.

The hearing was then proceeded with.

Mr. George Westinghouse, the American inventor of the air brake, will shortly place on the market an airspring for motor-cars. This it is claimed will take up all vibration, and supersede pneumatic tyres. The puncture problem will be finally solved, since the air-spring will permit the use of solid tyres. The original idea was not Mr. Westinghouse's, but he perfected the invention. The airspring consists of two brass tubes which work into each other like a piston, replacing the springs on motor-cars. Four sets are used. An upper tube is attached to the chassis, and an under tube is attached to the axle. The upper tube is fitted with leather packing at the lower end, while oil is placed in the tube to prevent the escape of the air past the packing. Any leakage is taken up by a small interior pump. The two tubes working into each other permit play of 7 ins.

UNLICENSED POSSESSION OF GUNPOWDER.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Keval Mahdev who was convicted of possessing gunpowder without a license under Section 20 of the Arms Act, by Mr. W. Baker, Acting Sessions Judge of Thana and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. D. A. Khare and Mr. B. V. Desai appeared for the accused, the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

In this case the accused, along with one Lalji Purshottam, was tried at the Thana Sessions, under Section 19 (f) or in the alternative under section 20 of the Indian Arms Act. The prosecution case was that Mr. Rothfield, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, and the District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, were making enquiries at Mahed about ammunition which they suspected to be concealed and on information formed a cordon round the chawl where both accused resided and searched their quarters. A strong smell of gunpowder was observed in the portion occupied by Keval though no ammunition was found. In Lalji's quarters an empty powder flask and a fuse were found. Keval returned while the search was going on. He was seized and his hand was found to smell of gunpowder. Subsequently they both admitted before Mr. Rothfield that they had thrown gunpowder which was in their houses into the river.

It was argued in the Court below that as Mr. Rothfield had stated in one place that he had taken cognizance of the offence, he had no authority to record statements under section 164 which applied to statements made during a police investigation. In another portion of his evidence, he had stated that a police investigation was in progress, but it was argued that it could not be so, because in that case the case would have gone to the District Magistrate with a police report, whereas the proceedings before that Magistrate were initiated on a regular complaint. It was also argued that as the search was conducted by him in consultation with the Police Superintendent, he had so far identified himself with the police to make any statements recorded by him inadmissible. Mr. Rothfield had stated that the statements were voluntary. The learned Judge below held that the offence was under police investigation and that the statements were taken under section 164 and were admissible.

After discussing the evidence, his Honour convicted the first accused under Section 20 of the Act for being in possession of gun powder which he concealed to search being made and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment. The second accused was convicted under Section 19 (b) and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 50 with the alternative of a month's imprisonment.

Against this decision the first accused appealed and after hearing the arguments, their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence, and dismissed the appeal.

RETRIAL ORDERED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the appeal of Jamnadass Kalidass, who was convicted of receiving stolen property, by Mr. E. Byramsha, First Class Magistrate of Ahmedabad and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Tricumlal R. Desai appeared for the accused.

The accused was charged with receiving three metal utensils worth Rs. 3-12 and clothing worth Rs. 9. The property was alleged to have been stolen. The accused had admitted that on searching his house the three utensils and the clothing were found, but he stated that they had been pledged with him by another man.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him as above stated.

Their Lordships quashed the conviction and sentence and directed retrial of the accused by another Magistrate than the one who took cognizance of the case. The District Magistrate should appoint the Magistrate, who should take into consideration the sentence already undergone by the accused in case the latter was convicted at the retrial.

MILLIONAIRE AND HIS DAUGHTER.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod concluded the hearing of the suit filed by Ameshoy Hakbhoy against his daughter Jenabai in which the plaintiff prayed that the defendant might be ejected from his bungalow at Mount Pleasant Road, of which she had taken forcible possession during his absence on the 16th February last and that she might be ordered to forthwith give possession of the same.

The Hon'ble Mr. Jardine and Mr. W. E. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, was for the defendant.

His Lordship, after hearing the arguments of counsel on the evidence in the case, in delivering his judgment, said that he was clearly of opinion that the plaintiff had proved that he was in judicial possession of this bungalow on the 16th February last so as to entitle him to file a suit under section of the Specific Relief Act. The plaintiff was entitled to an order that the defendant do forthwith leave the premises referred to in the plaint. His Lordship passed a decree accordingly. No order as to costs was made.

UNREST IN EGYPT.

Sir E. Gorst and a Hostile Crowd.

A remarkable anti-British demonstration occurred recently writes a Cairo correspondent in the presence of Sir Eldon Gorst, the British Agent, and it is considered most significant by those who remember in what awe only a few years ago "the English Khedive," as the

BY THE WAY.

MAKING CONGRESSMEN TOO COMFORTABLE.

Not long ago there was erected at Washington, near the Capitol, a costly and luxurious "office-building," which provided a large and comfortably furnished room for each member of Congress. It is now being found that the temptation of spending one's time here rather than in the legislative chamber is more than many representatives can resist. The absentees are near enough to be summoned to a roll-call, when necessary to the making of a quorum, but the growing slackness of attendance during the debates themselves is considerably impairing the normal interest of the proceedings.

HARRY LAUDER AND SUNDAY.

A correspondent of the "Christian World" states, on the authority of Harry Lauder's solicitor, that the well-known comic singer has, on more occasions than one, testified in unmistakable fashion to his regard for Sunday. "He was ready to break off altogether the negotiations concerning a recent American tour, because of the inclusion of Sunday concert. As concluded the contract left him £200 a week the poorer on account of his refusal to appear in a music-hall on that day of rest. Reverence for the day also characterises his home life and he has in this regard a sympathetic helpmeet in his wife, Mr. Lauder, as is pretty well known, has sung sacred solos time and again in Scottish churches on Sunday evenings." Mr. Lauder's youngest son is at present training for the English Bar.

HOW NIKISCH MADE HIS DEBUT.

Herr Arthur Nikisch, who is fulfilling some important London engagements is one of the foremost conductors of the day. A Hungarian, he was in the orchestra of the Royal Opera at Vienna when Neumann engaged him to assist in the preparation of Wagner's "Ring" at Leipzig. So satisfied was Neumann with his young chorus-master that he appointed him to conduct a performance of "Tannhauser" at the Leipzig Opera, while he himself was holiday-making. A telegram, however, reached him saying that the orchestra absolutely refused to play under so youthful a conductor, and were only induced to do so by a wire from Neumann saying that if they were of the same mind after the overture was played they could then and there hand in their resignations. That overture was a veritable triumph for Nikisch, and with profuse apologies the orchestra offered him their congratulations.

£46,800 FOR RUBBISH.

New York City's rubbish, collected by the ash-carts, was sold last years for £46,800. Old bottles brought £2,200, and grease £6,000, while one million cubic yards of ashes were disposed of use in flooring concrete walks and in building operations. Mixture of food garbage with dry waste is not allowed in New York. Two separate carts visit the houses for collection, one removing the discarded food and the other taking away ashes, bottles, and other dry and undecaying matter.

CLOUDBURSTS.

The devastating cloudburst over the East Yorkshire Wolds which precipitated an inch and a half of rain in half an hour, is not a record for the district. Scarborough holds the English record of nearly 10in. of rain in one downfall, the result of a cloudburst, on August 5, 1857. On December 28-29 of last year, a steady twenty-four hours' downpour not a cloudburst—left 10.86in. on the Isthmus of Panama, which compares with a day's record of 8in. on November 12, 1897, at Seathwaite, Cumberland, the wettest place in England. London, which has a monthly average of about 2in., experienced 3in. in eight hours on June 23, 1906, and 3·75in. on June 23, 1873, the latter all falling in ninety minutes.

A LINK WITH THE PAST.

The death of Madame Viardot sunders a link not only with the musical, but also with the literary past. She was intimate with George Sand and was George Sand's guest at Nohant at the time when Chopin was installed there. The other guests included Delacroix, the painter and Liszt; and George Sand's son Maurice organised amateur theatricals for the diversion of the company. That was in the forties and it was as long ago as 1846 that Madame Viardot, then Pauline Garcia made the acquaintance of Turguneff with whom she remained on terms of affectionate friendship until his death. A selection of his letters to her was recently published, and there are others at present unpublished which may be expected to see the light before very long.

AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

According to all appearance, writes Mr. Stead in the "Review of Reviews," this is going to be a record year for the exodus of Americans to Europe. There is nothing particular to attract them except the Obar-Amergau Play, to which they are wisely going in thousands, but the real cause of the unprecedented bookings on the Atlantic Ferry is that prosperity is booming again. The bad years hit the Transatlantic companies hard. It is well that they should now have a bumper year to wipe off their losses. A striking feature of the exodus is the increase of bookings to the Mediterranean. Americans have discovered that Southern Europe is no hotter in July than the United States.

CREMATION IN ENGLAND.

The annual report of the Council of the Cremation Society of England shows that the adoption of cremation is steadily increasing. The number of cremation at Woking during 1909 was 105, as against 119 in 1908, but at Golder's Green there were 421 as against 354 in 1908, making a total increase of 43 at the two crematoria, which are under the one management. In Great Britain the numbers for 1909 were 855 as against 795 in 1908, an increase of 60, or nearly 8 per cent. No new crematorium has been opened since the date of last report, but a cremation society is now being formed in Edinburgh.

JEWS IN SCOTLAND.

An attempt has been made by the Church of Scotland Jewish Committee to estimate the number of Jews in Scotland, and from the figures given it seems probable that there are considerably fewer than 20,000 all told of the chosen race north of the Border. There are about 9,000 in Glasgow and 2,000 in Edinburgh, while in Dundee and Aberdeen the number of herds of Jewish families is said to be respectively 149 and 23. An old gibe says that a Jew cannot flourish in Aberdeen, but that, no doubt, is a libel.

"MOLLY MAGUIRES."

The nickname "Molly Maguires" seems now to be applied by the O'Brienites to all Nationalists who disagree with them. Strictly it belongs only to the members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, to which the great majority of Mr. Redmond's followers do not belong. The Society has its chief strength in the North of Ireland, and it includes Mr. Joseph Devlin, the Nationalist member for West Belfast, one of Mr. Redmond's chief lieutenants, among its members. The origin of the nickname is this. The widow Molly Maguire lived in county Antrim many years ago, and, like many another Irish tenant, she had the misfortune to be evicted by her landlord, who put a "planter" in her place. The Ancient Hibernians of the district considered her case a hard one, and one fine night the "planter" found himself turned off the farm by a band of men who, when challenged, evasively described themselves as "the friends of Molly Magaire." The name has been associated with the Order ever since, but it did not take on a sense of desision until used by Mr. O'Brien and his followers in connection with recent strategical controversies in Ireland.

It is expected that the system of defence adopted by South Africa, says a Johannesburg Message, will be the compulsory enrolment of cadets and a modified system of militarism up to the age of twenty-five. It is thought that the farmers will not agree to a period of militarism beyond that age.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

STORY OF THE ROSE.

History of the Flower at a Paris Show.

"The Rose Through the Ages" is the name given to the most interesting section of the International Flower Show of the National Horticultural Society of France. The rose section has been arranged by M. Gravereaux, proprietor of the famous rosary of L'Hay, and contains absolutely the complete history of the rose in all its forms, in its effect on literature and art since the world began. There are two sections. The first consists of living plants, showing the origins of the rose, the roses known to the ancients, such as the Rose of the Magi, dating from the twelfth century, B.C., the hundred leaf rose of the Greeks (400 B.C.) and half a dozen roses which figured in the love feasts of ancient Rome; then the roses of the middle ages, including our own famous York and Lancaster roses, roses brought back to Europe from the Crusades, Queen Elizabeth of England's Eglantine rose, and lastly the modern rose, showing the development of the queen of flowers from the famous Rose of the Indies, the first tea-rose, to contemporary roses.

The second section deals with the rose in science, as for instance in botany, pharmaceutics perfumery; in literature showing the flower in poetry, fable, song and drama; in art, as revealed by painting, sculpture, prints, coins, stamps, book-plates: and finally the rose in decorative part (pottery, cloth, designs, etc.)

One of the most interesting cases contains a complete collection of the various costly essences, cordials, and attars of roses ancient and modern. As an indication of their value it may be stated that the essence of roses made in France to-day costs £60 per litre. In the flower show proper there is a most bewildering array of every variety of roses. The orchid exhibits are also remarkably fine.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 17.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice Davar.)

Testamentary Suit for Hearing and Final Disposal.

17-09 Wadia C. and Co. Bapuji Nuserwanji Vatchaghandy vs. Sorabji Ardeshir Vatchaghandy. Sbroff D and D. Part heard.

For Further Directions and Costs of Commissioner's Report.

87-08 Captain and V Hamabai widow and another vs Mahomed Alli Nalkhandy and others Tyabji D and Co F B Pavri.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

73-10 Thakerdas and Co Fahmabai vs Mohinibai widow and another, Khunderao and M Smitham B and Co.

276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umar Haji bAdam, Little and Co., Mathubhoy J and M.

502-07 Smetham, B and Co., The Advocate-General of Bombay and another vs Dayabhoy Tapidas and others Raghavaya B and N Edgelow G W and Co.

73-10 Thakerdas and Co Fatmabai vs Mohini.

1000-09 Captain and V Nagardas Dalcharam A firm vs Chunilal Pitamber.

158-10 Captain and V Nagardas Dalcharam a firm as Chunilal Pitamber Janshedji R and D.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

222-10 Thakerdas and Co A Habibbhoy vs Bai Jimabai Payne and Co.

920 09 Payne and Co Haji Ahmed Hoosein vs Dayabhoy Chotalal Vakil and another Ardeshir H D and Co.

976-09 Bhaisanker K and G V Parbhuram Vaidya vs The London and Lancashire Association Coy and other Madhonji K and L.

37-08 Mulla and M Mahomed Ebrahim bin Sakhoo Miya Koor vs Messrs Rogers and Rock Daphtary F and D.

802-05 Pestonji R K and Co Bai Jeevanbai widow vs M Lukhuna and Co and others Shamrao M and H Dickshit D and S Smitham M and Co.

210-08 Matubhoy J and M Jamnadas Lalji vs Bhimji Megbji and others Jehangir S and S Mulji and K.

371-09 Payne and Co. M Nagindas vs Saruphand Lakhmichand Jamshedji B and D Daphtary, F and D

836-08 Pestonji R K and Co Anna R Zuzarte and others vs Antonia F Brajimia and others Ardeshire H D and Co.

22 09 Daphtary F. and D. Anton John Far and another vs. Shireza Gonsalves widow and another Smithsm B and Co.

372-08 Mulla and M Barbar Miya Goolam Hoosein and others vs Abdul Rahim Shaik Malang Karim and others In person Ardeshir H D and Co C P D Cunha.

558-05 Khunderao L and M Punchordas Tribhovandas vs Shridhar Krishna Kothanale and others Shroff D and D.

630-09 In person Ballibhoy Ismailbhoy Datoo vs Bundasily Shivji and others Edgelow G W and Co.

Testamentary Suit.

6-10 Mehta and D Gool Mahomed Fazar vs Jalob Haji Essa Jehangir M and S.

526-06 Edgelow G W and Co B Shivji and others vs V Ismailji and others In person.

276-07 Payne and Co L Ebrahim and Co the firm vs G Dwarkapardas and others Jehangir M and S Kanga and P.

364-08 Tyabji D and Co Sitabai widow vs B Narayen Powker and others Smitham B and Co Little and Co.

518-08 Rogavaya B N Poorbai widow vs Jamnadas Lalji and others Bicknell M and R.

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice Beaman.)

After the Chamber Matter is over.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

627-08 Pestonji R K and Co, R Allana vs Goolam Hoosain Haji Moosa and others.

57-04 Tyabji D and Co S Gurmukhrai and others C Mohane and others Payne and Co Little and Co.

111-08 Payne and Co D Morarji vs S Heerji Shamrao M and H.

318-08 Raghavaya B and N P T Albayanker vs S Luxman and Son a firm Captain and V.

133-06 N M Cama K Maneck vs R Panachans and others. In person.

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351-08 Mulla and M F R Papa and Co a firm vs P F Talati the firm and others M R Sayani

1118-09 Shamrao M and H H Hirji and another vs D Mowji and others Payne and Co.

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1155-09 Chinnis M and M M B Kolasker vs The Oriental Government Secretary Assurance Company Ld. Ardeshir H D and Co.

910-09 Malvi H M and R N Govindrao and others vs Joshi Narandas Shanker and others Hiralal and Co.

1162-09 Shamrao M and H Fabimabai vs M Essoofbhoy and others G M Dalal Little and Co.

1169-09 Thakerdas and Co Rahim Valle Mahomed vs Jamnabai widow J R Patel and Co.

2-01 Payne and Co B Shivdhar vs Gangabai Jaideo and another J B Patel and Co.

142-08 In person Y G Jugonathdas vs N Sadadas and another In person.

606 08 Jehangir M and S G Vinayek vs Waman Samrao and another Shamrao M and H.

THE Jeffries-Johnson fight at San Francisco on July 4 seems to be assured, despite the continued opposition of religious bodies. The promoters, writes a San Francisco correspondent, have started building a colossal arena capable of accommodating 50,000 persons in Central Park, San Francisco. The Governor of California says that he will take no action to prevent the fight unless the Public Prosecutor of San Francisco asks him to do so. But the Public Prosecutor of San Francisco was himself a pugilist twenty years ago. The coloured fighter is said to be in better condition than Jeffries, who seems to be over-trained.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SPIRITUAL INFLUENCE OF WOMEN.

"Goethe, in a celebrated passage in 'Torquato Tasso,' has expressed the thought that man stands mainly for initiative and progress, and woman for all that makes for the conservation of society," says the writer of a notable article in the "Times." "Without denying the creative powers of woman, we may hold it true that from the earliest times it has been the influence of woman which has made social life a possibility, and that this influence has been at bottom a spiritual influence. If woman has captured man by her physical charms, she has largely maintained her empire over him by her spiritual qualities, and the outward and visible instrument of this suzerainty has ever been one and the same—a little child. The word 'A little child shall lead them' are true of all parents, whether at the bottom or at the summit of the scale of civilisation. It is after all, tarough the child that to the world has been revealed that high and splendid thing—maternal love. And even when the child is lacking, it is that very love, which is the birth-right of every normal woman, expressed in countless ways and divers fashions, that has been, and still is, the keynote of much that is brightest and best in social life.

THE INWARD LIGHT.

"It has produced in the woman a spirit of patient endurance, of self-denial, and of sympathy which have made her the great ethical and spiritual factor in the ascent of man. But if history teaches us one thing, it is that the inward light must be kept burning brightly, for once woman neglects to cultivate those spiritual gifts which are peculiarly hers, then, although the results may not always be immediately apparent, she is bound in the long run to lose her greatest power over the heart and mind of man. Ruskin has said, 'The Soul's armour is never well set to the heart unless a woman's hand has braced it! and it is only when She braces it loosely that the Honour of Mankood fails!' 'The true 'mother spirit' cannot rest with ministering only to her own; it is only content when it can spread its wings and help all those with whom it comes in contact. So it has been throughout the ages, but it is impossible for this spirit to thrive and grow as it should, if it is never given adequate nourishment, and it is an imperative duty laid on the woman of to-day that her inner life should be sustained and fed by ethical and spiritual food just as much as her material wants are satisfied daily. How and in what manner, must be left to the discretion of each woman. If she fails to maintain these high standards it is inevitably reflected in all her surroundings, for if a woman's standard is low then insensibly the man's standard, too, is lowered, and so the vicious circle extends. A wise thinker has said of women, 'La societe vaut ce qu'elles valent.'

WORK WITHOUT PERSONALITY.

"The besetting sin of many a woman to-day in philanthropic work is that the work itself appears to her as the be-all and end-all of the good she can possibly accomplish. The result is that the work itself tends to become a mechanical process—highly finished, if you will, but mechanical. If this occurs her special usefulness is at an end, for a man or a machine would then perform the work as well as she does. . . . Work without the saving element of personality is but a pale shadow compared with the vivid sunlight of the woman who by the mere magnetism and force of her spirituality leaves an impress on the minds of those around her. They may often forget the valuable commonsense advice she gave, but what is unforgettable is the deep spirituality that dictated it, that moves them still, whenever they think of it, though she has long since passed from their lives. "In these modern days we are apt to be very scornful of sentimentality, but in our very scorn we are likely to confound with it that closely-allied, but profoundly different, quality—sentiment. Now a certain amount of sentiment is indispensable to us all. It is the colour element in our lives, which otherwise would be dark and grey. We all have something of the child in us. We appreciate deeply those little attentions which are from time to time bestowed upon us, symbols as they are, or should be, of consideration. This is the real raison d'etre of courtesy and gentle bearing. Yet many of the best women of to-day are inclined to think that it is mawkish and feeble to make use in their work of what is, after all, one of their greatest gifts—their sympathy—the most natural of all their instincts, the source and fountain-head of all their spirituality. No doubt it is not easy, when engaged in any kind of work, to avoid becoming callous and hardened, and especially is this the case in much philanthropic and perhaps educational work. Thus it often seems, when we have followed our natural impulses, that the result has been only disaster and discouragement.

THE POWER OF WOMAN.

"No wonder that the woman engaged in such work is tempted to turn a deaf ear to the dictates of her finer feelings and fossilise into a sold and rather hard personality, who follows nothing but her reason. And what is the result! Not increased efficiency; for the woman has deliberately, if unwittingly, robbed herself on the chief magic of her influence. It is the perfect balance of head and heart that make, and must make, the power of the modern woman. Formerly the heart was considered the essential factor; to-day we run the risk of suffering from unduly glorifying the head but the perfect woman must fully develop both sides of her nature. Neither indeed, must assume complete control, for if either does then complete failure awaits their possessor. "Yet, when all is said and done, there is no doubt that the woman whose power is greatest is she who cultivates her spirituality. Such spirituality should permeate through and through a woman's daily life, for without it she cannot attain the high estate for which she has been destined by God and man, Man has always sought for it in woman, and, when, he has found it not, then indeed has woman failed in her principal and primal mission. "The imperious need of the day is ideals. At no time has there ever been a greater need for ethical and spiritual ideals than now, when on all sides the material things of life are apt to assume undue prominence. The mere striving after ideals themselves is of inestimable value, not only to the individual soul, but to the generations yet to come; for a nation, to be truly great, must always have high ideals, and it is the women—who mould those ideals. The Martha in a woman's nature must be apportioned to the Mary; there must be the fountain continually gushing forth life-giving streams, and there can be no fountain if there be no spring to feed it."

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

MISSA'S "MUGUETTE."

Edmond Missa, writes a London correspondent, is not unknown to London. A few years ago a one act piece, "Magelone" was produced at Convent Garden, with Mme. Calve in the principal part. Recollection of it is not very vivid, but it was tragedy, and Missa's metier is not tragedy. His "Muguette," one of the last works which came from his pen before he met with tragic fate, is as light as gossamer. It is opera, inasmuch as the text is set throughout, and the orchestra has an existence independent of the voices, but the character of much of the music is that of refined musical comedy. "Muguette" is in fact, an operatic musical comedy.

EDMOND MISSA.

Edmond Missa was a Frenchman, and some of the choruses and dances are evidently of French origin, but the influence of Puccini is more marked than any other influence. Missa has even taken the first act of "Boheme" as his model in the setting of conversations, which in reality do not require to be sung. He has invented a kind of recitative which is so close to the inflections of the speaking voice that it is hardly music at all, but rhythmic speech in a fixed key, so that it blends easily with the orchestra. This is the model for the passing and unimportant dialogue. For the rest Missa has employed set songs and duets, without, of course, the formal full closes or the conventional cadences which have the same effect. I most certainly believe in this mixture of music-drama and opera. It is a compromise, of course, between the rigid Wagnerian ideals and old operatic practice, but it is none the worse for that, as Puccini, Charpentier, and Cilea have already proved. As to the character of the music itself, apart from the form of the opera, I must confess that much of it sounds rather banal and obvious. There is a prelude to the second act, for instance, which, if pretty in its way, is the kind of thing in which the ordinary theatre orchestra delights. The dove duet between the artist Lionel and Muguette in the second act has charm, but it might very well have come from a second "Dollar Princess" or "The Merry Widow." That is not a fault, for Missa has set out to write very light music for a very light subject, but there might have been just a touch more of distinction and absolute originality. For these qualities the score is not remarkable. The music gives one the impression, indeed, of having been heard before.

VIVACIOUS LIGHT MUSIC.

Missa is at his best in vivacious light music. The choruses of peasants, street-hawkers, and the rest in the market square of Antwerp, with which scene the opera opens, is very bright and tuneful, and in some way does create the right atmosphere. The brief scene in which Lionel is attracted by the pretty Muguette, who has brought her flowers to market in her little cart drawn by a dog, is very happily conceived. There is simplicity and naivete in Muguette's song in praise of the sweet summer morning. It is all very simple and quite fresh, although the music is not absolutely original. The same atmosphere is sustained in the second act, which opens with an Ave Maria sung by children in Muguette's garden. This is broken by the dancing and singing of holiday-makers, and again there is a duet between the painter and Muguette which resounds the right note of gaiety and simplicity. The scoring is in keeping, too. It is when Missa tries to strike a more tragic note that he fails. He had not the genius of a Puccini, who can write simple music of a non-tragic character which yet has passion and sincere feeling. There was a great opportunity for this in the third act, when Muguette, forsaken by her artist, is twitted by the villager at a wedding party on having been so quickly forgotten. There was a still greater opportunity when she sets out in the snow to find Lionel, and is succoured by the faithful Blots. The opera unlike "Two Little Wooden Shoes," ends happily, for Muguette finds her painter in his Paris studio, and he has remained in love with her. Here again Missa has failed to write music of the requisite ecstasy. This failure makes the opera even lighter than it need have been.

AN OPERA OF CHARM AND PRETTINESS.

Still, "Muguette" is a work of much charm and prettiness, and it will be surprising if it does not become popular. With "The Tales of Hoffmann," "Shamus O'Brien," "Hansel und Gretel," and "Muguette" Mr. Thomas Beecham has a very attractive repertoire indeed and as the season proceeds the attractiveness of the performances will have still farther increased. "Muguette" has been most picturesquely put on the stage. The scenery is on quite an elaborate scale, and the stage management, if not perfect in every detail, is skilful and well conceived. Miss Ruth Vincent has seldom appeared to more advantage than as Muguette. The freshness of her voice and the daintiness of her acting were just what are demanded by the part. Mr. John Coates is a debonnair Lionel, and sings the music well. Then there is clever Miss Muriel Terry as Lena, Muguette's guardian: Miss Maggie Teyte as a model (a finished little performance); and Mr. Harry Dearth as the good-hearted silversmith who helps Muguette to find Lionel out of his love for her. All these artistes did exceedingly well considering that many of them have had but little experience of the stage. The smaller parts were well played, too, and M. Beecham conducted with vigilant care. "Muguette" should certainly be a success, for it contains much bright and pretty music.

"PARASITES."

Plays, like books, have their fates. In this respect it may truly be said that "Parasites," Mr. Charles Frohman and Mr. Arthur Bourchier's latest production at the Globe, was born under an unlucky star. Its first performance took place on the very night on which London was startled by the grievous announcement of King Edward's serious illness from the blow it then received it never had a chance of recovering. Even the strongest play was bound to be affected by such adverse circumstances. Realising the present uncertainty of things theatrical Mr. Frohman and Mr. Bourchier have decided on a bold policy. In accordance with this they will replace "Parasites" with a new piece as quickly as the needful rehearsals permit.

"CONNAIS-TOI"

Some time ago we announced that Mr. Bourchier had acquired the English rights in Paul Hervieu's three-act comedy, "Connais-Toi," originally produced in March last year at the Theatre Francais, with M. Le Bargy and Madame Bartet in the leading roles. This is the play selected to follow "Parasites" at the Globe. The work of adaptation has been entrusted to Mr. Kenneth Barnes, the new Administrator at the Academy of Dramatic Art, who has transferred the action from France to this country. "Glass Houses" was the title first thought of for his version, but further consideration has led to the choice of "The Beam and the Mote" as more fittingly illustrative of the general trend of Mr. Hervieu's story. It need hardly be stated that the title was suggested by the well-known passage in St. Matthew's Gospel. Another circumstance which has induced the hurrying on of the production is that the leading female character is peculiarly suited to Miss Violet Vanbrugh, happily available at the moment, owing to the conclusion of the provincial tour of "The Woman in the Case." Mr. Bourchier will, of course, appear as the stern and dogmatic General de Siberan, and in the cast will also figure Mr. Bourchier's partner in the Garrick Theatre.

MR. G. P. HUNTLEY.

London will be the sadder for the news that Mr. G. P. Huntley has acceded to Mr. Charles Frohman's suggestion that he shall remain in America all next season. This is the direct outcome of Mr. Huntley's emphatic success as old Eccles in "Caste," a performance hailed by all the New York critics as of quite exceptional excellence. Mr. Huntley will spend his brief summer holiday in England, but crosses the Atlantic again in September in order to join Mr. Frohman's "star combination" to be headed by the popular comedian and Miss Hattie Williams who, after making her reputation in musical comedy, is now devoting herself to comedy pure and simple. The two are to appear in a translation of De Caillavet and De Fler's "Le Bois Sacre," a particularly bright and witty piece, in which woman's urgent satirised. To Mr. Huntley is assigned Max Dearly's role of the fantastic Count Zakouskine, and to Miss Williams that of Francine Margerin, a popular lady novelist, played in Paris by Madame Jeanne Granier. It is not improbable that later, London will have the privilege of welcoming both artists in Messrs. De Caillavet and De Fler's comedy.

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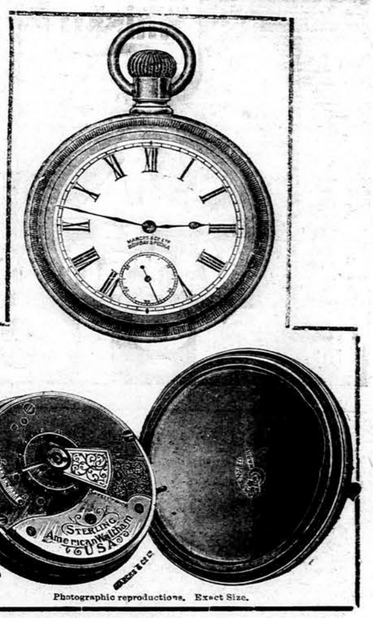

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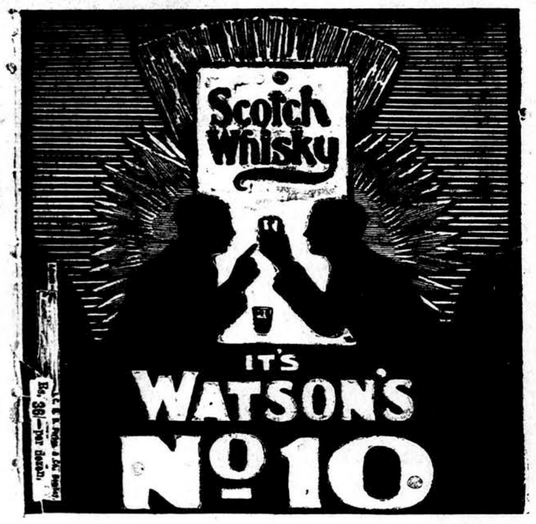

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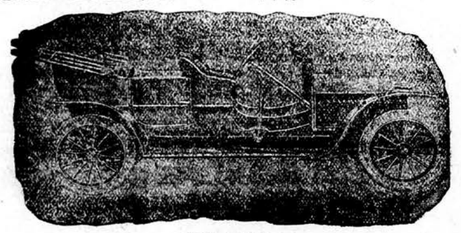

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